

# California Public Employees' Retirement System Actuarial Office

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#### **July 2022**

Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Mission Viejo (CalPERS ID: 4532062373)
Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2021

Dear Employer,

Attached to this letter, you will find the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation report for the rate plan noted above. **Provided** in this report is the determination of the minimum required employer contributions for fiscal year (FY) 2023-24. In addition, the report also contains important information regarding the current financial status of the plan as well as projections and risk measures to aid in planning for the future.

Actuarial valuations are based on assumptions regarding future plan experience including investment return and payroll growth, eligibility for the types of benefits provided, and longevity among retirees. The CalPERS Board of Administration (board) adopts these assumptions after considering the advice of CalPERS actuarial and investment teams and other professionals. Each actuarial valuation reflects all prior differences between actual and assumed experience and adjusts the contribution requirements as needed. This valuation is based on an investment return assumption of 6.8%, which was adopted by the board in November 2021. Other assumptions used in this report are those recommended in the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021.

#### **Required Contributions**

The table below shows the minimum required employer contributions and the PEPRA member rate for FY 2023-24 along with an estimate of the required contribution for FY 2024-25. Employee contributions other than cost sharing (whether paid by the employer or the employee) are in addition to the results shown below. **The required employer contributions in this report do not reflect any cost sharing arrangement between the agency and the employees.** 

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost Rate	Employer Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability	PEPRA Member Rate
2023-24	12.48%	\$1,996,414	7.50%
Projected Results			
2024-25	12.1%	<i>\$1,943,000</i>	TBD

The actual investment return for FY 2021-22 was not known at the time this report was prepared. The projections above assume the investment return for that year would be 6.8%. *To the extent the actual investment return for FY 2021-22 differs from 6.8%, the actual contribution requirements for FY 2024-25 will differ from those shown above.* For additional details regarding the assumptions and methods used for these projections, please refer to the "Projected Employer Contributions" in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section. This section also contains projected required contributions through FY *2028-29*.

#### **Changes from Previous Year's Valuations**

On July 12, 2021, CalPERS reported a preliminary 21.3% net return on investments for FY 2020-21. Since the return exceeded the 7.00% discount rate sufficiently, the CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy allows CalPERS to use a portion of the investment gain to offset the cost of reducing the expected volatility of future investment returns. Based on the thresholds specified in the policy, the excess return of 14.3% prescribes a reduction in investment volatility that corresponds to a reduction in the discount rate of 0.20%, from 7.00% to 6.80%.

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the recommendations in the November 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study reviewed the retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates, rates of salary increases, and inflation assumption for public agencies. These new assumptions are incorporated in this actuarial valuation and will impact the required contribution for FY 2023-24. In addition, the board adopted a new strategic asset allocation as part of its Asset Liability Management process. The new

Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Mission Viejo (CalPERS ID: 4532062373) Annual Valuation Report as of June 30, 2021 Page 2

asset allocation, along with the new capital market assumptions and economic assumptions, support a discount rate of 6.80%. This includes a reduction in the price inflation assumption from 2.50% to 2.30%.

Besides the above noted changes, there may also be changes specific to the plan such as contract amendments and funding changes.

Further descriptions of general changes are included in the "Highlights and Executive Summary" section and in Appendix A, "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions." The effects of the changes on the required contributions are included in the "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions" section.

#### **Questions**

We understand that you might have questions about these results, and the plan actuary whose signature is on the valuation report is available to discuss. If you have other questions, you may call the Customer Contact Center at (888)-CalPERS or (888-225-7377).

Sincerely,

SCOTT TERANDO, ASA, EA, MAAA, FCA, CFA

Chief Actuary, CalPERS



# Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2021

for the
Miscellaneous Plan
of the
City of Mission Viejo

(CalPERS ID: 4532062373) (Rate Plan ID: 1590)

Required Contributions for Fiscal Year July 1, 2023 – June 30, 2024

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### **Actuarial Certification**

To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and contains sufficient information to disclose, fully and fairly, the funded condition of the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Mission Viejo and satisfies the actuarial valuation requirements of Government Code section 7504. This valuation is based on the member and financial data as of June 30, 2021 provided by the various CalPERS databases and the benefits under this plan with CalPERS as of the date this report was produced. It is our opinion that the valuation has been performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles, in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the assumptions and methods are internally consistent and reasonable for this plan, as prescribed by the CalPERS Board of Administration according to provisions set forth in the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The undersigned is an actuary who satisfies the Qualification Standards for Actuaries Issuing Statements of Actuarial Opinion in the United States with regard to pensions.

KERRY J. WORGAN, MAAA, FSA, FCIA Supervising Pension Actuary, CalPERS

# **Highlights and Executive Summary**

- Introduction
- Purpose of the Report
- Required Contributions
- Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions
- Plan's Funded Status
- Projected Employer Contributions
- Cost
- Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation
- Subsequent Events

### Introduction

This report presents the results of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation of the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Mission Viejo of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). This actuarial valuation sets the minimum required employer contributions for fiscal year (FY) 2023-24.

### **Purpose of the Report**

The actuarial valuation was prepared by the CalPERS Actuarial Office using data as of June 30, 2021. The purpose of the report is to:

- Set forth the assets and accrued liabilities of this plan as of June 30, 2021;
- Determine the minimum required employer contributions for the FY July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024;
- Provide actuarial information as of June 30, 2021 to the CalPERS Board of Administration (board) and other interested parties.

The pension funding information presented in this report should not be used in financial reports subject to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 for an Agent Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan. A separate accounting valuation report for such purposes is available from CalPERS and details for ordering are available on the CalPERS website (www.calpers.ca.gov).

The measurements shown in this actuarial valuation may not be applicable for other purposes. The agency should contact the plan actuary before disseminating any portion of this report for any reason that is not explicitly described above.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; changes in actuarial policies; changes in plan provisions or applicable law; and differences between the required contributions determined by the valuation and the actual contributions made by the agency.

#### Assessment and Disclosure of Risk

This report includes the following risk disclosures consistent with the recommendations of Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 51 and recommended by the California Actuarial Advisory Panel (CAAP) in the Model Disclosure Elements document:

- A "Scenario Test," projecting future results under different investment income returns.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results using alternative discount rates 5.8% and 7.8%.
- A "Sensitivity Analysis," showing the impact on current valuation results assuming rates of mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current post-retirement mortality assumptions adopted in 2021.
- Plan maturity measures indicating how sensitive a plan may be to the risks noted above.

### **Required Contributions**

	Fiscal Year
Required Employer Contributions	2023-24
Employer Normal Cost Rate	12.48%
Plus	
Required Payment on Amortization Bases	\$1,996,414
Paid either as	
1) Monthly Payment	\$166,368
Or	
2) Annual Prepayment Option*	\$1,931,813
Required PEPRA Member Contribution Rate	7.50%

The total minimum required employer contribution is the sum of the Plan's Employer Normal Cost Rate (expressed as a percentage of payroll and paid as payroll is reported) plus the Employer Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) Contribution Amount (billed monthly (1) or prepaid annually (2) in dollars).

\* Only the UAL portion of the employer contribution can be prepaid (which must be received in full no later than July 31).

For additional detail regarding the determination of the required contribution for PEPRA members, see "PEPRA Member Contribution Rates" in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section. Required member contributions for Classic members can be found in Appendix B.

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2022-23	2023-24
Normal Cost Contribution as a Percentage of Payroll		
Total Normal Cost	18.73%	20.21%
Employee Contribution <sup>1</sup>	7.61%	7.73%
Employer Normal Cost <sup>2</sup>	11.12%	12.48%
Projected Annual Payroll for Contribution Year	\$12,484,176	\$12,633,257
Estimated Employer Contributions Based On Projected Payroll		
Total Normal Cost	\$2,338,286	\$2,553,181
Employee Contribution	950,046	976,551
Employer Normal Cost	1,388,240	1,576,630
Unfunded Liability Contribution	2,161,927	1,996,414
% of Projected Payroll (illustrative only)	17.32%	15.80%
Estimated Total Employer Contribution	\$3,550,167	\$3,573,0 <del>44</del>
% of Projected Payroll (illustrative only)	28.44%	28.28%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For classic members, this is the percentage specified in the Public Employees' Retirement Law, net of any reduction from the use of a modified formula or other factors. For PEPRA members, the member contribution rate is based on 50% of the normal cost. A development of PEPRA member contribution rates can be found in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section. Employee cost sharing is not shown in this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Employer Normal Cost is a blended rate for all benefit groups in the plan. For a breakout of normal cost by benefit group, see "Normal Cost by Benefit Group" in the "Liabilities and Contributions" section.

### **Additional Discretionary Employer Contributions**

The minimum required employer contribution towards the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) for this rate plan for FY 2023-24 is \$1,996,414. CalPERS allows agencies to make additional discretionary payments (ADPs) at any time and in any amount. These optional payments serve to reduce the UAL and future required contributions and can result in significant long-term savings. Agencies can also use ADPs to stabilize annual contributions as a fixed dollar amount, percent of payroll or percent of revenue.

Provided below are select ADP options for consideration. Making such an ADP during FY 2023-24 does not require an ADP be made in any future year, nor does it change the remaining amortization period of any portion of unfunded liability. For information on permanent changes to amortization periods, see the "Amortization Schedule and Alternatives" section of the report.

Agencies considering making an ADP should contact CalPERS for additional information.

### Minimum Required Employer Contribution for Fiscal Year 2023-24

Estimated	Minimum UAL	ADP	Total UAL	Estimated Total
Normal Cost	Payment		Contribution	Contribution
\$1,576,630	\$1,996,414	\$0	\$1,996,414	\$3,573,044

#### Alternative Fiscal Year 2023-24 Employer Contributions for Greater UAL Reduction

Funding	Estimated	Minimum UAL	ADP <sup>1</sup>	Total UAL	Estimated Total
Target	Normal Cost	Payment		Contribution	Contribution
5 years	\$1,576,630	\$1,996,414	\$674,372	\$2,670,786	\$4,247,416

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The ADP amounts are assumed to be made in the middle of the fiscal year. A payment made earlier or later in the fiscal year would have to be less or more than the amount shown to have the same effect on the UAL amortization.

Note that the calculations above are based on the projected Unfunded Accrued Liability as of June 30, 2023 as determined in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation. New unfunded liabilities can emerge in future years due to assumption or method changes, changes in plan provisions, and actuarial experience different than assumed. Making an ADP illustrated above for the indicated number of years will not result in a plan that is exactly 100% funded in the indicated number of years. Valuation results will vary from one year to the next and can diverge significantly from projections over a period of several years.

### Plan's Funded Status

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Present Value of Projected Benefits	\$115,416,050	\$125,468,199
2. Entry Age Accrued Liability	100,805,765	107,988,907
3. Market Value of Assets (MVA)	76,884,241	94,580,098
4. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(2) – (3)]	\$23,921,524	\$13,408,809
5. Funded Ratio [(3) / (2)]	76.3%	87.6%

The UAL and funded ratio are assessments of the need for future employer contributions based on the actuarial cost method used to fund the plan. The UAL is the present value of future employer contributions for service that has already been earned and is in addition to future normal cost contributions for active members. The funded ratio, on the other hand, is a relative measure of funded status that allows for comparison between plans of different sizes. For measures of funded status that are appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover estimated termination liabilities, please see "Hypothetical Termination Liability" in the "Risk Analysis" section.

### **Projected Employer Contributions**

The table below shows the required and projected employer contributions (before cost sharing) for the next six fiscal years. The projection assumes that all actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes to assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur during the projection period. In particular, the investment return beginning with FY 2021-22 is assumed to be 6.80% per year, net of investment and administrative expenses. Actual contribution rates during this projection period could be significantly higher or lower than the projection shown below. The projected normal cost percentages below reflect that the normal cost will continue to decline over time as new employees are hired into lower cost benefit tiers. Future contribution requirements may differ significantly from those shown below. The actual long-term cost of the plan will depend on the actual benefits and expenses paid and the actual investment experience of the fund.

	Required Contribution	Projected Future Employer Contributions (Assumes 6.80% Return for Fiscal Year 2021-22 and Beyond)				
Fiscal Year	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29
Normal Cost %	12.48%	12.1%	11.7%	11.4%	11.1%	10.9%
UAL Payment	\$1,996,414	\$1,943,000	\$1,829,000	\$1,708,000	\$1,545,000	\$1,617,000

Total as a % of Payroll*	28.28%	27.1%	25.4%	23.9%	22.1%	22.0%
Projected Payroll	\$12,633,257	\$12,986,988	\$13,350,623	<i>\$13,724,441</i>	<i>\$14,108,725</i>	\$14,503,770

<sup>\*</sup>Illustrative only and based on the projected payroll shown.

For some sources of UAL, the change in UAL is amortized using a 5-year ramp up. For more information, please see "Amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability" under "Actuarial Methods" in Appendix A. This method phases in the impact of the change in UAL over a 5-year period in order to reduce employer cost volatility from year to year. As a result of this methodology, dramatic changes in the required employer contributions in any one year are less likely. However, required contributions can change gradually and significantly over the next five years. In years when there is a large increase in UAL, the relatively small amortization payments during the ramp up period could result in a funded ratio that is projected to decrease initially while the contribution impact of the increase in the UAL is phased in.

For projected contributions under alternate investment return scenarios, please see the "Future Investment Return Scenarios" in the "Risk Analysis" section. Our online pension plan projection tool, Pension Outlook, is available in the Employers section of the CalPERS website. Pension Outlook can help plan and budget pension costs under various scenarios.

### Cost

#### **Actuarial Determination of Plan Cost**

Contributions to fund the plan are comprised of two components:

- Normal Cost, expressed as a percentage of total active payroll
- Amortization of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL), expressed as a dollar amount

For fiscal years prior to 2017-18, the Amortization of UAL component was expressed as a percentage of total active payroll. Starting with FY 2017-18, the Amortization of UAL component is expressed as a dollar amount and invoiced on a monthly basis. There is an option to prepay this amount during July of each fiscal year.

The Normal Cost component is expressed as a percentage of active payroll with employer and employee contributions payable as part of the regular payroll reporting process.

The determination of both components requires complex actuarial calculations. The calculations are based on a set of actuarial assumptions which can be divided into two categories:

- Demographic assumptions (e.g., mortality rates, retirement rates, employment termination rates, disability rates)
- Economic assumptions (e.g., future investment earnings, inflation, salary growth rates)

These assumptions reflect CalPERS' best estimate of future experience of the plan and are long term in nature. We recognize that all assumptions will not be realized in any given year. For example, the investment earnings at CalPERS have averaged 6.9% over the 20 years ending June 30, 2021, yet individual fiscal year returns have ranged from -23.6% to +21.3%. In addition, CalPERS reviews all actuarial assumptions by conducting in-depth experience studies every four years, with the most recent experience study completed in 2021.

# **Changes Since the Prior Year's Valuation**

#### **Benefits**

The standard actuarial practice at CaIPERS is to recognize mandated legislative benefit changes in the first annual valuation following the effective date of the legislation. Voluntary benefit changes by plan amendment are generally included in the first valuation that is prepared after the amendment becomes effective, even if the valuation date is prior to the effective date of the amendment.

This valuation generally reflects plan changes by amendments effective before the date of the report. Please refer to the "Plan's Major Benefit Options" and Appendix B for a summary of the plan provisions used in this valuation. The effect of any mandated benefit changes or plan amendments on the unfunded liability is shown in the "(Gain) / Loss Analysis 6/30/20 - 6/30/21" and the effect on the employer contribution is shown in the "Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions." It should be noted that no change in liability or contribution is shown for any plan changes which were already included in the prior year's valuation.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the recommendations in the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. This study reviewed the retirement rates, termination rates, mortality rates, rates of salary increases, and inflation assumptions for Public Agencies. These new assumptions are incorporated in this actuarial valuation and will impact the required contribution for FY 2023-24. In addition, the board adopted a new asset portfolio as part of its Asset Liability Management process. The new asset mix supports a 6.80% discount rate, which reflects a change in the price inflation assumption to 2.30%.

### **Subsequent Events**

The contribution requirements determined in this actuarial valuation report are based on demographic and financial information as of June 30, 2021. Changes subsequent to that date are not reflected. Investment returns below the assumed rate of return may increase future required contributions while investment returns above the assumed rate of return may decrease future required contributions.

The projected employer contributions on Page 6 are calculated under the assumption that the discount rate remains at 6.8% going forward and that the realized rate of return on assets for FY 2021-22 is 6.8%.

This actuarial valuation report reflects statutory changes, regulatory changes, and board actions through January 2022. Any subsequent changes or actions are not reflected.

# **Assets**

- Reconciliation of the Market Value of Assets
- Asset Allocation
- CalPERS History of Investment Returns

# **Reconciliation of the Market Value of Assets**

1.	Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/20 including Receivables	\$76,884,241
2.	Change in Receivables for Service Buybacks	(30,736)
3.	Employer Contributions	2,925,917
4.	Employee Contributions	1,058,769
5.	Benefit Payments to Retirees and Beneficiaries	(3,873,777)
6.	Refunds	(91,626)
7.	Transfers	0
8.	Service Credit Purchase (SCP) Payments and Interest	62,775
9.	Administrative Expenses	(97,044)
10.	Miscellaneous Adjustments	0
11.	Investment Return (Net of Investment Expenses)	17,741,578
12.	Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/21 including Receivables	\$94,580,098

### **Asset Allocation**

CalPERS adheres to an Asset Allocation Strategy which establishes asset class allocation policy targets and ranges and manages those asset class allocations within their policy ranges. CalPERS Investment Belief No. 6 recognizes that strategic asset allocation is the dominant determinant of portfolio risk and return.

The asset allocation shown below reflects the allocation of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF) in its entirety as of June 30, 2021. The assets for City of Mission Viejo Miscellaneous Plan are part of the PERF and are invested accordingly.

Asset Class	Current Allocation as of 6/30/2021	Policy Target Allocation as of 6/30/2021
Public Equity	51.4%	50.0%
Private Equity	8.3%	8.0%
Global Fixed Income	29.8%	28.0%
Real Assets	9.6%	13.0%
Liquidity	1.0%	1.0%
Total Fund Level Portfolios	2.5%	0.0%
Trust Level Financing	(2.6%)	0.0%
Total Fund	100.0%	100.0%

On November 17, 2021, the board adopted changes to the strategic asset allocation as shown in the Policy Target Allocation below expressed as a percentage of total assets.

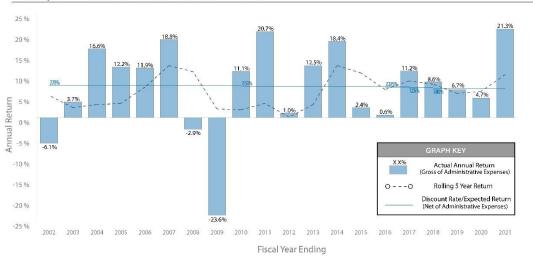
### **Strategic Asset Allocation Policy Targets**

Asset Class	Policy Target Allocation effective 11/17/2021
Global Equity Cap-weighted	30.0%
Global Equity Non-cap-weighted	12.0%
Private Equity	13.0%
Private Debt	5.0%
Emerging Market Sovereign Bonds	5.0%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.0%
Treasuries	5.0%
Real Assets	15.0%
Leverage	(5.0%)
Total Fund	100.0%

### **CalPERS History of Investment Returns**

The following is a chart with the 20-year historical annual returns of the PERF for each fiscal year ending on June 30 as reported by the Investment Office. Investment returns reported are net of investment expenses but without reduction for administrative expenses. The assumed rate of return, however, is net of both investment and administrative expenses. The Investment Office uses a three-month lag on private assets for investment performance reporting purposes. This can lead to a timing difference in the returns below and those used for financial reporting purposes. The investment gain or loss calculation in this report relies on assets that have been audited and are appropriate for financial reporting. Because of these differences, it is possible for the Investment Office to report a return higher than the discount rate while the rate plan experiences an investment loss, or a return lower than the discount rate while the rate plan experiences an investment gain.

### History of Investment Returns (2002 - 2021)



The table below shows annualized investment returns of the PERF for various time periods ending on June 30, 2021 (figures reported are net of investment expenses but without reduction for administrative expenses). These returns are the annual rates that if compounded over the indicated number of years would equate to the actual time-weighted investment performance of the PERF. It should be recognized that in any given year the rate of return is volatile. The portfolio has an expected volatility of 12.0% per year based on the most recent Asset Liability Management study. The realized volatility is a measure of the risk of the portfolio expressed as the standard deviation of the fund's total monthly return distribution, expressed as an annual percentage. Due to their volatile nature, when looking at investment returns, it is more instructive to look at returns over longer time horizons.

History of CalPERS Compound Annual Rates of Return and Volatilities							
	1 year	5 year	10 year	20 year	30 year		
Compound Annual Return	21.3%	10.3%	8.5%	6.9%	8.4%		
Realized Volatility	_	7.3%	7.2%	8.5%	8.5%		

### **Liabilities and Contributions**

- Development of Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities
- (Gain) / Loss Analysis 6/30/20 6/30/21
- Schedule of Amortization Bases
- Amortization Schedule and Alternatives
- Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions
- Employer Contribution History
- Funding History
- Normal Cost by Benefit Group
- PEPRA Member Contribution Rates

# **Development of Accrued and Unfunded Liabilities**

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Present Value of Projected Benefits		
a) Active Members	\$61,226,277	\$65,854,862
b) Transferred Members	3,390,330	3,610,253
c) Terminated Members	2,629,443	2,743,930
d) Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments	48,170,000	53,259,154
e) Total	\$115,416,050	\$125,468,199
2. Present Value of Future Employer Normal Costs	\$8,236,269	\$10,499,207
3. Present Value of Future Employee Contributions	\$6,374,016	\$6,980,085
4. Entry Age Accrued Liability		
a) Active Members [(1a) - (2) - (3)]	\$46,615,992	\$48,375,570
b) Transferred Members (1b)	3,390,330	3,610,253
c) Terminated Members (1c)	2,629,443	2,743,930
d) Members and Beneficiaries Receiving Payments (1d)	48,170,000	53,259,154
e) Total	\$100,805,765	\$107,988,907
5. Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$76,884,241	\$94,580,098
6. Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) [(4e) - (5)]	\$23,921,524	\$13,408,809
7. Funded Ratio [(5) / (4e)]	76.3%	87.6%

# (Gain)/Loss Analysis 6/30/20 - 6/30/21

To calculate the cost requirements of the plan, assumptions are made about future events that affect the amount and timing of benefits to be paid and assets to be accumulated. Each year, actual experience is compared to the expected experience based on the actuarial assumptions. This results in actuarial gains or losses, as shown below.

1.	Total (Gain)/Loss for the Year  a) Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) as of 6/30/20  b) Expected Payment on the UAL during 2020-21 c) Interest through 6/30/21 [.07 x (1a) - ((1.07) <sup>1/2</sup> - 1) x (1b)] d) Expected UAL before all other changes [(1a) - (1b) + (1c)] e) Change due to plan changes f) Change due to AL Significant Increase g) Change due to assumption change h) Change due to method change i) Change due to Funding Risk Mitigation j) Expected UAL after all other changes [(1d) + (1e) + (1f) + (1g) + (1h) + (1i)] k) Actual UAL as of 6/30/21 l) Total (Gain)/Loss for 2020-21 [(1k) - (1j)]	\$23,921,524 1,804,167 1,612,428 23,729,785 0 0 83,792 0 2,517,001 26,330,578 13,408,809 (\$12,921,769)
2.	Investment (Gain)/Loss for the Year  a) Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/20 b) Prior Fiscal Year Receivables c) Current Fiscal Year Receivables d) Contributions Received e) Benefits and Refunds Paid f) Transfers, SCP Payments and Interest, and Miscellaneous Adjustments g) Expected Return at 7% per year h) Expected Assets as of 6/30/21 [(2a) + (2b) + (2c) + (2d) + (2e) + (2f) + (2g)] i) Actual Market Value of Assets as of 6/30/21 j) Investment (Gain)/Loss [(2h) - (2i)]	\$76,884,241 (110,337) 79,602 3,984,687 (3,965,403) 62,775 5,439,075 82,374,638 94,580,098 (\$12,205,459)
3.	Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss for the Year  a) Total (Gain)/Loss (1l)  b) Investment (Gain)/Loss (2j)  c) Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss [(3a) - (3b)]	(\$12,921,769) (12,205,459) (\$716,310)

### **Schedule of Amortization Bases**

Below is the schedule of the plan's amortization bases. Note that there is a two-year lag between the valuation date and the start of the contribution year.

- The assets, liabilities, and funded status of the plan are measured as of the valuation date: June 30, 2021.
- The required employer contributions determined by the valuation are for the fiscal year beginning two years after the valuation date: FY 2023-24.

This two-year lag is necessary due to the amount of time needed to extract and test the membership and financial data, and the need to provide public agencies with their required employer contribution well in advance of the start of the fiscal year.

The Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) is used to determine the employer contribution and therefore must be rolled forward two years from the valuation date to the first day of the fiscal year for which the contribution is being determined. The UAL is rolled forward each year by subtracting the expected payment on the UAL for the fiscal year and adjusting for interest. The expected payment on the UAL for a fiscal year is equal to the Expected Employer Contribution for the fiscal year minus the Expected Normal Cost for the year. The Employer Contribution for the first fiscal year is determined by the actuarial valuation two years ago and the contribution for the second year is from the actuarial valuation one year ago. Additional discretionary payments are reflected in the Expected Payments column in the fiscal year they were made by the agency.

	Date	Ramp Level	Ramp	Escala- tion	Amort.	Balance	Expected	Balance	Expected	Balance	Required
Reason for Base	Est.	2023-24	Shape	Rate	Period	6/30/21	Payment 2021-22	6/30/22	Payment 2022-23	6/30/23	Payment 2023-24
Forced FS New Method	6/30/08	No F	Ramp	2.80%	6	2,712,165	402,396	2,480,740	413,462	2,222,142	420,174
Assumption Change	6/30/09	No F	Ramp	2.80%	8	2,265,353	279,317	2,130,739	286,999	1,979,033	291,080
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/09	No F	Ramp	2.80%	18	1,304,584	96,506	1,293,562	99,160	1,279,048	99,616
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/10	No F	Ramp	2.80%	19	86,894	6,230	86,364	6,401	85,622	6,425
Assumption Change	6/30/11	No F	Ramp	2.80%	10	1,092,968	116,597	1,046,794	119,803	994,167	121,266
Special (Gain)/Loss	6/30/11	No F	Ramp	2.80%	20	(241,526)	(16,819)	(240,568)	(17,281)	(239,068)	(17,330)
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/12	No F	Ramp	2.80%	21	2,608,697	176,777	2,603,400	181,639	2,592,718	181,996
Payment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/12	No F	Ramp	2.80%	21	(48,210)	(3,267)	(48,112)	(3,357)	(47,914)	(3,363)
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/13	100%	Jp/Down	2.80%	22	5,532,621	385,704	5,510,237	396,310	5,475,370	397,415
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/14	100%	Jp/Down	2.80%	23	(5,086,012)	(345,020)	(5,075,303)	(354,508)	(5,054,061)	(355,192)
Assumption Change	6/30/14	100%	Jp/Down	2.80%	13	4,107,410	413,025	3,959,877	424,383	3,790,574	429,086
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/15	100%	Jp/Down	2.80%	24	1,525,159	100,854	1,524,643	103,628	1,521,225	103,740
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/16	100%	Jp/Down	2.80%	25	4,126,948	215,856	4,184,506	277,240	4,182,541	277,316
Assumption Change	6/30/16	100%	Jp/Down	2.80%	15	1,632,891	120,153	1,619,757	154,321	1,570,419	155,737
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/17	100%	Jp/Down	2.80%	26	(3,898,641)	(153,211)	(4,005,414)	(209,900)	(4,060,863)	(262,245)
Assumption Change	6/30/17	100%	Jp/Down	2.80%	16	1,449,720	78,930	1,466,731	108,134	1,454,719	136,289
(Gain)/Loss	6/30/18	80%	Jp/Down	2.80%	27	(984,512)	(26,170)	(1,024,414)	(40,334)	(1,052,391)	(53,696)
Assumption Change	6/30/18	80%	Jp/Down	2.80%	17	3,157,411	115,136	3,253,129	177,454	3,290,954	238,300
Method Change	6/30/18	80%	Jp/Down	2.80%	17	805,218	29,363	829,628	45,255	839,274	60,772
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/19	No F	Ramp	0.00%	18	(861,279)	(78,594)	(838,624)	(78,594)	(814,428)	(77,217)

# **Schedule of Amortization Bases (continued)**

Reason for Base	Date Est.	Ramp Level 2023-24	Ramp Shape	Escala- tion Rate	Amort. Period	Balance 6/30/21	Expected Payment 2021-22	Balance 6/30/22	Expected Payment 2022-23	Balance 6/30/23	Minimum Required Payment 2023-24
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/19	60%	Up Only	0.00%	18	427,956	9,357	447,387	18,714	458,470	27,566
Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/20	40%	Up Only	0.00%	19	1,934,741	0_	2,066,303	45,262	2,160,036	88,793
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/20	No	Ramp	0.00%	19	79,229	0_	84,617	7,736	82,376	7,597
Assumption Change	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	20	83,792	(102,808)	195,736	(105,687)	318,267	28,620
Net Investment (Gain)	6/30/21	20%	Up Only	0.00%	20	(9,497,762)	0_	(10,143,610)	0	(10,833,375)	(232,860)
Non-Investment (Gain)/Loss	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	20	(716,310)	0_	(765,019)	0	(817,040)	(73,471)
Risk Mitigation	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	1	2,517,001	(100,417)	2,791,932	(103,229)	3,088,464	3,191,745
Risk Mitigation Offset	6/30/21	No	Ramp	0.00%	1	(2,707,697)	0	(2,891,820)	0	(3,088,464)	(3,191,745)
Total						13,408,809	1,719,895	12,543,198	1,953,011	11,377,815	1,996,414

### **Amortization Schedule and Alternatives**

The amortization schedule on the previous page shows the minimum contributions required according to the CalPERS amortization policy. Many agencies have expressed a desire for a more stable pattern of payments or have indicated interest in paying off the unfunded accrued liabilities more quickly than required. As such, we have provided alternative amortization schedules to help analyze the current amortization schedule and illustrate the potential savings of accelerating unfunded liability payments.

Shown on the following page are future year amortization payments based on 1) the current amortization schedule reflecting the individual bases and remaining periods shown on the previous page, and 2) alternative "fresh start" amortization schedules using two sample periods that would both result in interest savings relative to the current amortization schedule. To initiate a Fresh Start, please contact the plan actuary.

The Current Amortization Schedule typically contains both positive and negative bases. Positive bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes or plan experience that increase unfunded liability. Negative bases result from plan changes, assumption changes, method changes, or plan experience that decrease unfunded liability. The combination of positive and negative bases within an amortization schedule can result in unusual or problematic circumstances in future years, such as:

- When a negative payment would be required on a positive unfunded actuarial liability; or
- When the payment would completely amortize the total unfunded liability in a very short time period, and results in a large change in the employer contribution requirement.

In any year when one of the above scenarios occurs, the actuary will consider corrective action such as replacing the existing unfunded liability bases with a single "fresh start" base and amortizing it over an appropriate period.

The Current Amortization Schedule on the following page may appear to show that, based on the current amortization bases, one of the above scenarios will occur at some point in the future. It is impossible to know today whether such a scenario will in fact arise since there will be additional bases added to the amortization schedule in each future year. Should such a scenario arise in any future year, the actuary will take appropriate action based on guidelines in the CalPERS amortization policy.

# **Amortization Schedule and Alternatives** (continued)

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	Current Am Sche	<u>nortization</u> dule	5 Year Amo	ortization	0 Year Am	ortization
Date	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment	Balance	Payment
6/30/2023	11,377,815	1,996,414	11,377,815	2,670,786	N/A	N/A
6/30/2024	10,088,330	1,942,571	9,391,407	2,670,786		
6/30/2025	8,766,804	1,829,175	7,269,923	2,670,786		
6/30/2026	7,472,602	1,708,430	5,004,178	2,670,786		
6/30/2027	6,215,179	1,545,192	2,584,363	2,670,786		
6/30/2028	5,040,945	1,616,760				
6/30/2029	3,712,900	1,194,438				
6/30/2030	2,730,998	1,256,187				
6/30/2031	1,618,511	956,626				
6/30/2032	739,953	764,698				
6/30/2033						
6/30/2034						
6/30/2035						
6/30/2036						
6/30/2037						
6/30/2038						
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6/30/2042						
6/30/2043						
6/30/2044						
6/30/2045						
6/30/2046						
6/30/2047						
6/30/2048						
6/30/2049						
6/30/2050						
6/30/2051						
6/30/2052						
Total		14,810,491		13,353,930		N/A
Interest Paid	d	3,432,676		1,976,115		N/A
Estimated Sa	avings		_	1,456,561		N/A

# **Reconciliation of Required Employer Contributions**

### Normal Cost (% of Payroll)

1. For Period 7/1/22 – 6/30/23	
a) Employer Normal Cost	11.12%
b) Employee contribution	7.61%
c) Total Normal Cost	18.73%
2. Changes since the prior year annual valuation	
a) Effect of demographic experience	(0.22%)
b) Effect of plan changes	0.00%
c) Effect of Funding Risk Mitigation	0.84%
d) Effect of assumption changes	0.86%
e) Effect of method changes	0.00%
f) Net effect of the changes above [sum of (a) through (e)]	1.48%
3. For Period 7/1/23 – 6/30/24	
a) Employer Normal Cost	12.48%
b) Employee contribution	7.73%
c) Total Normal Cost	20.21%
Employer Normal Cost Change [(3a) – (1a)]	1.36%
Employee Contribution Change [(3b) – (1b)]	0.12%
Unfunded Liability Contribution (\$)	
1. For Period 7/1/22 – 6/30/23	2,161,927
2. Changes since the prior year annual valuation	
a) Effect of adjustments to prior year's amortization schedule	0
b) Effect of elimination of amortization bases	0
c) Effect of progression of amortization bases <sup>1</sup>	150,582
d) Effect of net investment (gain) after Funding Risk Mitigation <sup>2</sup>	(232,860)
e) Effect of non-investment (gain)/loss during the prior year	(73,471)
f) Effect of Funding Risk Mitigation (re-amortize existing bases at 6.8%)	(33,071)
g) Effect of Golden Handshake	0
h) Effect of plan changes	0
i) Effect of AL Significant Increase	0
j) Effect of assumption changes	23,307
k) Effect of changes due to Fresh Start or one year recognition of small balances	0
l) Effect of method change	0
m)Net effect of the changes above [sum of (a) through (I)]	(165,513)

3. For Period 7/1/23 - 6/30/24[(1) + (2m)] 1,996,414 The amounts shown for the period 7/1/22 - 6/30/23 may be different if a prepayment of unfunded actuarial

liability is made or a plan change became effective after the prior year's actuarial valuation was performed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes scheduled escalation in individual amortization base payments due to the 5-year ramp and payroll growth assumption used in the pre-2019 amortization policy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The unfunded liability contribution for the investment (gain)/loss during the year prior to the valuation date is 20% of the "full" annual requirement due to the 5-year ramp. Increases to this amount that occur during the ramp period will be included in line c) in future years.

# **Employer Contribution History**

The table below provides a recent history of the required employer contributions for the plan. The amounts are based on the actuarial valuation from two years prior and does not account for prepayments or benefit changes made during a fiscal year. Additional discretionary payments before July 1, 2018 or after June 30, 2021 are not included.

Fiscal Year	Employer Normal Cost	Unfunded Rate	Unfunded Liability Payment (\$)	Additional Discretionary Payments
2014 - 15	10.263%	8,303%	N/A	N/A
2015 - 16	10.361%	8.397%	, N/A	N/A
2016 - 17	10.842%	9.833%	N/A	N/A
2017 - 18	10.446%	N/A	1,223,816	N/A
2018 - 19	10.428%	N/A	1,429,126	0
2019 - 20	11.082%	N/A	1,631,077	0
2020 - 21	11.675%	N/A	1,804,167	0
2021 - 22	11.32%	N/A	1,923,120	
2022 - 23	11.12%	N/A	2,161,927	
2023 - 24	12.48%	N/A	1,996,414	

# **Funding History**

The table below shows the recent history of actuarial accrued liability, market value of assets, unfunded accrued liability, funded ratio and annual covered payroll.

Valuation Date	Accrued Liability (AL)	Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll
6/30/2012	\$55,336, <del>4</del> 00	\$37,971,519	\$17,364,881	68.6%	\$9,762,788
6/30/2013	59,266,683	43,816,259	15,450,424	73.9%	10,674,010
6/30/2014	67,520,026	52,462,082	15,057,944	77.7%	10,138,416
6/30/2015	72,422,189	55,834,494	16,587,695	77.1%	10,482,720
6/30/2016	77,696,015	56,432,005	21,264,010	72.6%	10,375,843
6/30/2017	82,812,124	63,215,313	19,596,811	76.3%	10,623,717
6/30/2018	90,898,921	68,702,880	22,196,041	75.6%	10,988,917
6/30/2019	95,454,718	73,373,614	22,081,104	76.9%	11,310,118
6/30/2020	100,805,765	76,884,241	23,921,524	76.3%	11,508,385
6/30/2021	107,988,907	94,580,098	13,408,809	87.6%	11,628,829

# **Normal Cost by Benefit Group**

The table below displays the Total Normal Cost broken out by benefit group for FY 2023-24. The Total Normal Cost is the annual cost of service accrual for the fiscal year for active employees and can be viewed as the long-term contribution rate for the benefits contracted. Generally, the normal cost for a benefit group subject to more generous benefit provisions will exceed the normal cost for a group with less generous benefits. However, based on the characteristics of the members (particularly when the number of actives is small), this may not be the case. Future measurements of the Total Normal Cost for each group may differ significantly from the current values due to such factors as: changes in the demographics of the group, changes in economic and demographic assumptions, changes in plan benefits or applicable law.

	Rate Plan Identifier	Benefit Group Name	Total Normal Cost FY 2023-24	Number of Actives	Payroll on 6/30/2021	
_	Tuendillei	Denent Group Name	11 2023-24	ACUVES	0/30/2021	
	1590	Miscellaneous Second Level	17.80%	16	\$1,535,480	
	27143	Miscellaneous PEPRA Level	15.93%	56	\$3,126,505	
	30619	Miscellaneous First Level	22.76%	72	\$6,966,8 <del>44</del>	
		Plan Total	20.21%	144	\$11,628,829	

Note that if a Benefit Group above has multiple bargaining units, each of which has separately contracted for different benefits such as Employer Paid Member Contributions, then the Normal Cost shown for the respective benefit level does not reflect those differences. Additionally, if a Second Level Benefit Group amended to the same benefit formula as a First Level Benefit Group, their Normal Costs may be dissimilar due to demographic or other population differences. For questions in these situations, please contact the plan actuary.

### **PEPRA Member Contribution Rates**

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 ("PEPRA") established new benefit formulas, final compensation period, and contribution requirements for "new" employees (generally those first hired into a CalPERS-covered position on or after January 1, 2013). In accordance with Government Code section 7522.30(b), "new members ... shall have an initial contribution rate of at least 50% of the normal cost rate." The normal cost for the plan is dependent on the benefit levels, actuarial assumptions, and demographics of the plan, particularly members' entry age into the plan. Should the total normal cost of the plan change by more than 1% from the base total normal cost established for the plan, the new member rate shall be 50% of the new normal cost rounded to the nearest quarter percent.

The table below shows the determination of the PEPRA member contribution rates effective July 1, 2023, based on 50% of the Total Normal Cost for each respective plan as of the June 30, 2021 valuation.

		<b>Basis for Cu</b>	rrent Rate	Rates Effective July 1, 2023				
Rate Plan Identifier	Benefit Group Name	Total Normal Cost	Member Rate	Total Normal Cost	Change	Change Needed	Member Rate	
27143	Miscellaneous PEPRA Level	13.894%	7.00%	15.16%	1.266%	Yes	7.50%	

For purposes of setting member rates, it is preferable to determine total normal cost using a large active population so that the rate remains relatively stable. While each CalPERS non-pooled plan has a sufficiently large active population for this purpose, the PEPRA active population by itself may not be sufficiently large. The total PEPRA normal cost will be determined based on the plan's PEPRA membership only if the number of members covered under the PEPRA formula meets either:

- 1. 50% of the active population, or
- 2. 25% of the active population and 100 or more PEPRA members

Until one of these conditions is met, the plan's total PEPRA normal cost will be determined using the entire active plan population (both PEPRA and Classic) based on the PEPRA benefit provisions. For this reason, the PEPRA member contribution rate determined in the table above may not equal 50% of the total normal cost of the PEPRA group shown on the "Normal Cost by Benefit Group" page.

# **Risk Analysis**

- Future Investment Return Scenarios
- Discount Rate Sensitivity
- Mortality Rate Sensitivity
- Maturity Measures
- Maturity Measures History
- Hypothetical Termination Liability

### **Future Investment Return Scenarios**

Analysis using the investment return scenarios from the Asset Liability Management process completed in 2021 was performed to determine the effects of various future investment returns on required employer contributions. The projections below reflect the impact of the CalPERS Funding Risk Mitigation policy. The projected normal cost rates reflect that the rates are anticipated to decline over time as new employees are hired into lower-cost benefit tiers. The projections also assume that all other actuarial assumptions will be realized and that no further changes in assumptions, contributions, benefits, or funding will occur.

The first table shows projected contribution requirements if the fund were to earn either 3.0% or 10.8% annually. These alternate investment returns were chosen because 90% of long-term average returns are expected to fall between them over the 20-year period ending June 30, 2041.

Assumed Annual Return FY 2021-22		Projected	Employer Con	tributions	
through FY 2040-41	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26	FY 2026-27	FY 2027-28	FY 2028-29
3.0% (5 <sup>th</sup> percentile)					
Normal Cost Rate	12.1%	11.7%	11.4%	11.1%	10.9%
UAL Contribution	\$2,031,000	\$2,096,000	\$2,249,000	\$2,455,000	\$2,997,000
10.8% (95th percentile)					
Normal Cost Rate	12.4%	12.2%	12.2%	12.1%	12.1%
UAL Contribution	\$1,862,000	\$1,213,000	\$0	\$0	\$0

Required contributions outside of this range are also possible. In particular, whereas it is unlikely that investment returns will average less than 3.0% or greater than 10.8% over a 20-year period, the likelihood of a single investment return less than 3.0% or greater than 10.8% in any given year is much greater. The following analysis illustrates the effect of an extreme, single year investment return.

The portfolio has an expected volatility (or standard deviation) of 12.0% per year. Accordingly, in any given year there is a 16% probability that the annual return will be -5.2% or less and a 2.5% probability that the annual return will be -17.2% or less. These returns represent one and two standard deviations below the expected return of 6.8%.

The following table shows the effect of a one or two standard deviation investment loss in FY 2021-22 on the FY 2024-25 contribution requirements. Note that a single-year investment gain or loss decreases or increases the required UAL contribution amount incrementally for each of the next five years, not just one, due to the 5-year ramp in the amortization policy. However, the contribution requirements beyond the first year are also impacted by investment returns beyond the first year. Historically, significant downturns in the market are often followed by higher than average returns. Such investment gains would offset the impact of these single year negative returns in years beyond FY 2024-25.

Assumed Annual Return for Fiscal Year 2021-22	Required Employer Contributions FY 2023-24	Projected Employer Contributions FY 2024-25
(17.2%) (2 standard deviation loss)		
Normal Cost Rate	12.48%	12.1%
UAL Contribution	\$1,996,414	\$2,499,000
(5.2%) (1 standard deviation loss)		
Normal Cost Rate	12.48%	12.1%
UAL Contribution	\$1,996,414	\$2,221,000

- Without investment gains (returns higher than 6.8%) in year FY 2022-23 or later, projected contributions rates would continue to rise over the next four years due to the continued phase-in of the impact of the illustrated investment loss in FY 2021-22.
- The Pension Outlook Tool can be used to model projected contributions for these scenarios beyond FY 2024-25 as well as to model other investment return scenarios.

# **Discount Rate Sensitivity**

The discount rate assumption is calculated as the sum of the assumed real rate of return and the assumed annual price inflation, currently 4.5% and 2.3%, respectively. Changing either the price inflation assumption or the real rate of return assumption will change the discount rate. The sensitivity of the valuation results to the discount rate assumption depends on which component of the discount rate is changed. Shown below are various valuation results as of June 30, 2021 assuming alternate discount rates by changing the two components independently. Results are shown using the current discount rate of 6.8% as well as alternate discount rates of 5.8% and 7.8%. The rates of 5.8% and 7.8% were selected since they illustrate the impact of a 1.0% increase or decrease to the 6.8% assumption.

#### Sensitivity to the Real Rate of Return Assumption

	1% Lower	Current	1% Higher
As of June 30, 2021	<b>Real Return Rate</b>	Assumptions	Real Return Rate
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Price Inflation	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%
Real Rate of Return	3.5%	4.5%	5.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	25.47%	20.21%	16.20%
b) Accrued Liability	\$122,377,149	\$107,988,907	\$96,053,422
c) Market Value of Assets	\$94,580,098	\$94,580,098	\$94,580,098
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$27,797,051	\$13,408,809	\$1,473,324
e) Funded Ratio	77.3%	87.6%	98.5%

#### **Sensitivity to the Price Inflation Assumption**

As of June 30, 2021	1% Lower Inflation Rate	Current Assumptions	1% Higher Inflation Rate
Discount Rate	5.8%	6.8%	7.8%
Price Inflation	1.3%	2.3%	3.3%
Real Rate of Return	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%
a) Total Normal Cost	21.27%	20.21%	18.35%
b) Accrued Liability	\$111,640,820	\$107,988,907	\$99,375,682
c) Market Value of Assets	\$94,580,098	\$94,580,098	\$94,580,098
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$17,060,722	\$13,408,809	\$4,795,584
e) Funded Ratio	84.7%	87.6%	95.2%

# **Mortality Rate Sensitivity**

The following table looks at the change in the June 30, 2021 plan costs and funded status under two different longevity scenarios, namely assuming rates of post-retirement mortality are 10% lower or 10% higher than our current mortality assumptions. This type of analysis highlights the impact on the plan of improving or worsening mortality over the long term.

	10% Lower	Current	10% Higher
As of June 30, 2021	Mortality Rates	Assumptions	Mortality Rates
a) Total Normal Cost	20.56%	20.21%	19.89%
b) Accrued Liability	\$110,179,343	\$107,988,907	\$105,970,501
c) Market Value of Assets	\$94,580,098	\$94,580,098	\$94,580,098
d) Unfunded Liability/(Surplus) [(b) - (c)]	\$15,599,245	\$13,408,809	\$11,390, <del>4</del> 03
e) Funded Ratio	85.8%	87.6%	89.3%

# **Maturity Measures**

As pension plans mature they become more sensitive to risks. Understanding plan maturity and how it affects the ability of a pension plan sponsor to tolerate risk is important in understanding how the plan is impacted by investment return volatility, other economic variables and changes in longevity or other demographic assumptions. One way to look at the maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is to look at the ratio of a plan's retiree liability to its total liability. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very low ratio of retiree liability to total liability. As the plan matures, the ratio increases. A mature plan will often have a ratio above 60%-65%.

Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Retiree Accrued Liability	48,170,000	53,259,154
2. Total Accrued Liability	100,805,765	107,988,907
3. Ratio of Retiree AL to Total AL [(1) / (2)]	48%	49%

Another measure of the maturity level of CalPERS and its plans is the ratio of actives to retirees, also called the support ratio. A pension plan in its infancy will have a very high ratio of active to retired members. As the plan matures and members retire, the ratio declines. A mature plan will often have a ratio near or below one.

To calculate the support ratio for the rate plan, retirees and beneficiaries receiving a continuance are each counted as one, even though they may have only worked a portion of their careers as an active member of this rate plan. For this reason, the support ratio, while intuitive, may be less informative than the ratio of retiree liability to total accrued liability above. For comparison, the support ratio for all CalPERS public agency plans is 0.82 and is calculated consistently with how it is for the individual rate plan. Note that to calculate the support ratio for all public agency plans, a retiree with service from more than one CalPERS agency is counted as a retiree more than once.

Support Ratio	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Number of Actives	146	144
2. Number of Retirees	112	121
3. Support Ratio [(1) / (2)]	1.30	1.19

The actuarial calculations supplied in this communication are based on various assumptions about long-term demographic and economic behavior. Unless these assumptions (e.g., terminations, deaths, disabilities, retirements, salary growth, investment return) are exactly realized each year, there will be differences on a year-to-year basis. The year-to-year differences between actual experience and the assumptions are called actuarial gains and losses and serve to lower or raise required employer contributions from one year to the next. Therefore, employer contributions will inevitably fluctuate, especially due to the ups and downs of investment returns.

### **Maturity Measures (continued)**

### **Asset Volatility Ratio**

Shown in the table below is the asset volatility ratio (AVR), which is the ratio of market value of assets to payroll. Plans that have a higher AVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to investment return. For example, a plan with AVR of 8 may experience twice the contribution volatility due to investment return volatility than a plan with AVR of 4. It should be noted that this ratio is a measure of the current situation. It increases over time but generally tends to stabilize as a plan matures.

### **Liability Volatility Ratio**

Also shown in the table below is the liability volatility ratio (LVR), which is the ratio of accrued liability to payroll. Plans that have a higher LVR experience more volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to changes in liability. For example, a plan with LVR of 8 is expected to have twice the contribution volatility of a plan with LVR of 4 when there is a change in accrued liability, such as when there is a change in actuarial assumptions. It should be noted that this ratio indicates a longer-term potential for contribution volatility, since the AVR, described above, will tend to move closer to the LVR as the funded ratio approaches 100%.

Contribution Volatility	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Market Value of Assets without Receivables	\$76,773,903	\$94,500,496
2. Payroll	11,508,385	11,628,829
3. Asset Volatility Ratio (AVR) [(1) / (2)]	6.7	8.1
4. Accrued Liability	\$100,805,765	\$107,988,907
5. Liability Volatility Ratio (LVR) [(4) / (2)]	8.8	9.3

# **Maturity Measures History**

Valuation Date	Ratio of Retiree Accrued Liability to Total Accrued Liability	Support Ratio	Asset Volatility Ratio	Liability Volatility Ratio
6/30/2017	44%	1.67	5.9	7.8
6/30/2018	45%	1.59	6.2	8.3
6/30/2019	47%	1.43	6.5	8.4
6/30/2020	48%	1.30	6.7	8.8
6/30/2021	49%	1.19	8.1	9.3

# **Hypothetical Termination Liability**

The hypothetical termination liability is an estimate of the financial position of the plan had the contract with CalPERS been terminated as of June 30, 2021. The plan liability on a termination basis is calculated differently from the plan's ongoing funding liability. For this hypothetical termination liability calculation, both compensation and service are frozen as of the valuation date and no future pay increases or service accruals are assumed. This measure of funded status is not appropriate for assessing the need for future employer contributions in the case of an ongoing plan, that is, for an employer that continues to provide CalPERS retirement benefits to active employees.

A more conservative investment policy and asset allocation strategy was adopted by the board for the Terminated Agency Pool. The Terminated Agency Pool has limited funding sources since no future employer contributions will be made. Therefore, expected benefit payments are secured by risk-free assets and benefit security for members is increased while limiting the funding risk. However, this asset allocation has a lower expected rate of return than the PERF and consequently, a lower discount rate assumption. The lower discount rate for the Terminated Agency Pool results in higher liabilities for terminated plans.

The effective termination discount rate will depend on actual market rates of return for risk-free securities on the date of termination. As market discount rates are variable the table below shows a range for the hypothetical termination liability based on the lowest and highest interest rates observed during an approximate 19-month period from 12 months before the valuation date to seven months after.

Market Value of Assets (MVA)	Hypothetical Termination Liability <sup>1,2</sup> at 1.00%	Funded Ratio	Unfunded Termination Liability at 1.00%	Hypothetical Termination Liability <sup>1,2</sup> at 2.25%	Funded Ratio	Unfunded Termination Liability at 2.25%	
\$94,580,098	\$243,098,438	38.9%	\$148,518,340	\$201,888,492	46.8%	\$107,308,394	_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The hypothetical liabilities calculated above include a 5% contingency load. The contingency load and other actuarial assumptions can be found in Appendix A.

In order to terminate the plan, first contact our Pension Contract Services unit to initiate a Resolution of Intent to Terminate. The completed Resolution will allow the plan actuary to provide a preliminary termination valuation with a more up-to-date estimate of the plan liabilities. Before beginning this process, please consult with the plan actuary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The discount rate used for termination valuations is a weighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields where the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date. The discount rates used in the table are based on 20-year Treasury bonds, rounded to the nearest quarter percentage point, which is a good proxy for most plans. The 20-year Treasury yield was 2.00% on June 30, 2021, the valuation date.

# **Plan's Major Benefit Provisions**

# **Plan's Major Benefit Options**

Shown below is a summary of the major <u>optional</u> benefits for which the agency has contracted. A description of principal standard and optional plan provisions is in Appendix B.

	Benefit Group	)				
Member Category	Misc	Misc	Misc	Misc	Misc	
<b>Demographics</b> Actives Transfers/Separated Receiving	No Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes No	No No Yes	
Benefit Provision						
Benefit Formula Social Security Coverage Full/Modified	2% @ 55 No Full	2.7% @ 55 No Full	2% @ 60 No Full	2% @ 62 No Full		
Employee Contribution Rate		8.00%	7.00%	7.00%		
Final Average Compensation Period	One Year	One Year	Three Year	Three Year		
Sick Leave Credit	No	No	No	No		
Non-Industrial Disability	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard		
Industrial Disability	No	No	No	No		
Pre-Retirement Death Benefits Optional Settlement 2 1959 Survivor Benefit Level Special Alternate (firefighters)	Yes Level 3 No No	Yes Level 3 No No	Yes Level 3 No No	Yes Level 3 No No		
Post-Retirement Death Benefits Lump Sum Survivor Allowance (PRSA)	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	\$500 No	
COLA	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	

# **Appendices**

- Appendix A Actuarial Methods and Assumptions
- Appendix B Principal Plan Provisions
- Appendix C Participant Data
- Appendix D Glossary of Actuarial Terms

# **Appendix A**

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

- Actuarial Data
- Actuarial Methods
- Actuarial Assumptions
- Miscellaneous

# **Actuarial Data**

As stated in the Actuarial Certification, the data which serves as the basis of this valuation has been obtained from the various CalPERS databases. We have reviewed the valuation data and believe that it is reasonable and appropriate in aggregate. We are unaware of any potential data issues that would have a material effect on the results of this valuation, except that data does not always contain the latest salary information for former members now in reciprocal systems and does not recognize the potential for unusually large salary deviation in certain cases such as elected officials. Therefore, salary information in these cases may not be accurate. These situations are relatively infrequent, however, and generally do not have a material impact on the required employer contributions.

# **Actuarial Methods**

## **Actuarial Cost Method**

The actuarial cost method used is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, projected benefits are determined for all members and the associated liabilities are spread in a manner that produces level annual cost as a percentage of pay in each year from the member's entry age to their assumed retirement age on the valuation date. The cost allocated to the current fiscal year is called the normal cost.

The actuarial accrued liability for active members is then calculated as the portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to prior years. The actuarial accrued liability for members currently receiving benefits and for members entitled to deferred benefits is equal to the present value of the benefits expected to be paid. No normal costs are applicable for these participants.

CalPERS uses an in-house proprietary actuarial model for calculating plan costs. We believe this model is fit for its intended purpose and meets all applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice. Furthermore, the actuarial results of our model are independently confirmed periodically by outside auditing actuaries. The actuarial assumptions used are internally consistent and the generated results are reasonable.

# **Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

The excess of the total actuarial accrued liability over the market value of plan assets is called the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAL). Funding requirements are determined by adding the normal cost and a payment toward the UAL. The UAL payment is equal to the sum of individual amortization payments, each representing a different source of UAL for a given measurement period.

Amortization payments are determined according to the CalPERS amortization policy. The board adopted a new policy effective for the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. The new policy applies prospectively only; amortization bases (sources of UAL) established prior to the June 30, 2019 valuation will continue to be amortized according to the prior policy.

## Prior Policy (Bases Established prior to June 30, 2019)

Amortization payments are determined as a level percentage of payroll whereby the payment increases each year at an escalation rate. Gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 30-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning and a 5-year ramp down at the end of the amortization period. All changes in liability due to plan amendments (other than golden handshakes) are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramp. Changes in actuarial assumptions or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized over a 20-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning and a 5-year ramp down at the end of the amortization period. Changes in unfunded accrued liability due to a Golden Handshake will be amortized over a period of five years. Bases established prior to June 30, 2013 may be amortized differently. A summary is provided in the following table:

	Source								
	(Gain	)/Loss							
Driver	Driver Investment investment		Assumption/Method Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake				
Amortization Period	30 Years	30 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years				
Escalation Rate - Active Plans - Inactive Plans	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%	2.80% 0%				
Ramp Up	5	5	5	0	0				
Ramp Down	5	5	5	0	0				

The 5-year ramp up means that the payments in the first four years of the amortization period are 20%, 40%, 60% and 80% of the "full" payment which begins in year five. The 5-year ramp down means that the reverse is true in the final four years of the amortization period.

## Current Policy (Bases Established on or after June 30, 2019)

Amortization payments are determined as a level dollar amount. Investment gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 20-year period with a 5-year ramp up at the beginning of the amortization period. Non-investment gains or losses are amortized over a fixed 20-year period with no ramps. All changes in liability due to plan amendments (other than golden handshakes) are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramps. Changes in actuarial assumptions or changes in actuarial methodology are amortized over a 20-year period with no ramps. Changes in unfunded accrued liability due to a Golden Handshake are amortized over a period of five years. A summary is provided in the table below:

	Source								
	(Gain)/Loss		<b>A</b> /						
	Investment	Non- investment	Assumption/ Method Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake				
Amortization Period	20 Years	20 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years				
Escalation Rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%				
Ramp Up	5	0	0	0	0				
Ramp Down	0	0	0	0	0				

#### Exceptions for Inconsistencies

An exception to the amortization rules above is used whenever their application results in inconsistencies. In these cases, a "fresh start" approach is used. This means that the current unfunded actuarial liability is projected and amortized over a set number of years. For example, a fresh start is needed in the following situations:

- When a negative payment would be required on a positive unfunded actuarial liability; or
- When the payment would completely amortize the total unfunded liability in a very short time period, and results in a large change in the employer contribution requirement.

It should be noted that the actuary may determine that a fresh start is necessary under other circumstances. In all cases of a fresh start, the period is set by the actuary at what is deemed appropriate; however, the period will not be greater than 20 years.

#### **Exceptions for Plans in Surplus**

If a surplus exists (i.e., the Market Value of Assets exceeds the plan's accrued liability) any prior amortization layers shall be considered fully amortized, and the surplus shall not be amortized.

In the event of any subsequent unfunded liability, a Fresh Start shall be used with an amortization period of 20 years or less.

#### Exceptions for Small Amounts

Where small unfunded liabilities are identified in annual valuations which result in small payment amounts, the actuary may shorten the remaining period for these bases.

- When the balance of a single amortization base has an absolute value less than \$250, the amortization period is reduced to one year.
- When the entire unfunded liability is a small amount, the actuary may perform a Fresh Start and use an appropriate amortization period.

#### **Exceptions for Inactive Plans**

The following exceptions apply to plans classified as Inactive. These plans have no active members and no expectation to have active members in the future.

- Amortization of the unfunded liability is on a "level dollar" basis rather than a "level percent of pay" basis. For amortization layers, which utilize a ramp up and ramp down, the "ultimate" payment is constant.
- Actuarial judgment will be used to shorten amortization periods for Inactive plans with existing
  periods that are deemed too long given the duration of the liability. The specific demographics of the
  plan will be used to determine if shorter periods may be more appropriate.

# **Exceptions for Inactive Agencies**

For a public agency with no active members in any CalPERS rate plan, the unfunded liability shall be amortized over a closed amortization period of no more than 15 years.

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

The Actuarial Value of Assets is set equal to the market value of assets. Asset values include accounts receivable.

# **PEPRA Normal Cost Rate Methodology**

Per Government Code Section 7522.30(b), the "normal cost rate" shall mean the annual actuarially determined normal cost for the plan of retirement benefits provided to the new member and shall be established based on actuarial assumptions used to determine the liabilities and costs as part of the annual actuarial valuation. The plan of retirement benefits shall include any elements that would impact the actuarial determination of the normal cost, including, but not limited to, the retirement formula, eligibility and vesting criteria, ancillary benefit provisions, and any automatic cost-of-living adjustments as determined by the public retirement system.

For purposes of setting member rates, it is preferable to determine total normal cost using a large active population so that the rate remains relatively stable. While each CalPERS non-pooled plan has a sufficiently large active population for this purpose, the PEPRA active population by itself may not be sufficiently large. The total PEPRA normal cost will be determined based on the plan's PEPRA membership only if the number of members covered under the PEPRA formula meets either:

- 1. 50% of the active population, or
- 2. 25% of the active population and 100 or more PEPRA members

Until one of these conditions is met, the plan's total PEPRA normal cost will be determined using the entire active plan population (both PEPRA and Classic) based on the PEPRA benefit provisions.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

In 2021, CalPERS completed its most recent asset liability management study incorporating actuarial assumptions and strategic asset allocation. In November 2021, the board adopted changes to the asset allocation that increased the expected volatility of returns. The adopted asset allocation was expected to have a long-term blended return that continued to support a discount rate assumption of 6.80%. The board also approved several changes to the demographic assumptions that more closely aligned with actual experience.

For more details and additional rationale for the selection of the actuarial assumptions, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website under: Forms and Publications. Click on "View All" and search for Experience Study.

All actuarial assumptions (except the discount rates used for the hypothetical termination liability) represent an estimate of future experience rather than observations of the estimates inherent in market data.

#### **Economic Assumptions**

#### **Discount Rate**

The prescribed discount rate assumption, adopted by the board on November 17, 2021, is 6.80% compounded annually (net of investment and administrative expenses) as of June 30, 2021.

# **Termination Liability Discount Rate**

The current discount rate assumption used for termination valuations is a weighted average of the 10-year and 30-year U.S. Treasury yields where the weights are based on matching asset and liability durations as of the termination date.

The hypothetical termination liabilities in this report are calculated using an observed range of m arket interest rates. This range is based on the lowest and highest 20-year Treasury bond observed during an approximate 19-month period from 12 months before the valuation date to seven months after. The 20-year Treasury bond has a similar duration to most plan liabilities and serves as a good proxy for the termination discount rate. The 20-year Treasury yield was 2.00% on June 30, 2021.

# **Salary Growth**

Annual increases vary by category, entry age, and duration of service. A sample of assumed increases are shown below. Wage inflation assumption in the valuation year (2.80% for 2021) is added to these factors for total salary growth.

Public Ac	iencv Mi	scellaneous
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Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.0764	0.0621	0.0521
1	0.0663	0.0528	0.0424
2	0.0576	0.0449	0.0346
3	0.0501	0.0381	0.0282
4	0.0435	0.0324	0.0229
5	0.0378	0.0276	0.0187
10	0.0201	0.0126	0.0108
15	0.0155	0.0102	0.0071
20	0.0119	0.0083	0.0047
25	0.0091	0.0067	0.0031
30	0.0070	0.0054	0.0020

# **Public Agency Fire**

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.1517	0.1549	0.0631
1	0.1191	0.1138	0.0517
2	0.0936	0.0835	0.0423
3	0.0735	0.0613	0.0346
4	0.0577	0.0451	0.0284
5	0.0453	0.0331	0.0232
10	0.0188	0.0143	0.0077
15	0.0165	0.0124	0.0088
20	0.0145	0.0108	0.0101
25	0.0127	0.0094	0.0115
30	0.0112	0.0082	0.0132

# **Public Agency Police**

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)	
0	0.1181	0.1051	0.0653	
1	0.0934	0.0812	0.0532	
2	0.0738	0.0628	0.0434	
3	0.0584	0.0485	0.0353	
4	0.0462	0.0375	0.0288	
5	0.0365	0.0290	0.0235	
10	0.0185	0.0155	0.0118	
15	0.0183	0.0150	0.0131	
20	0.0181	0.0145	0.0145	
25	0.0179	0.0141	0.0161	
30	0.0178	0.0136	0.0179	

#### Salary Growth (continued)

## **Public Agency County Peace Officers**

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)	
0	0.1238	0.1053	0.0890	
1	0.0941	0.0805	0.0674	
2	0.0715	0.0616	0.0510	
3	0.0544	0.0471	0.0387	
4	0.0413	0.0360	0.0293	
5	0.0314	0.0276	0.0222	
10	0.0184	0.0142	0.0072	
15	0.0174	0.0124	0.0073	
20	0.0164	0.0108	0.0074	
25	0.0155	0.0094	0.0075	
30	0.0147	0.0083	0.0077	

#### **Schools**

Duration of Service	(Entry Age 20)	(Entry Age 30)	(Entry Age 40)
0	0.0275	0.0275	0.0200
1	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
2	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
3	0.0422	0.0373	0.0298
4	0.0388	0.0314	0.0245
5	0.0308	0.0239	0.0179
10	0.0236	0.0160	0.0121
15	0.0182	0.0135	0.0103
20	0.0145	0.0109	0.0085
25	0.0124	0.0102	0.0058
30	0.0075	0.0053	0.0019

- The Miscellaneous salary scale is used for Local Prosecutors.
- The Police salary scale is used for Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

# **Price Inflation**

2.30% compounded annually.

## **Wage Inflation**

2.80% compounded annually (used in projecting individual salary increases).

#### **Payroll Growth**

2.80% compounded annually (used in projecting the payroll over which the unfunded liability is amortized for level percent of payroll bases). This assumption is used for all plans with active members.

# **Non-valued Potential Additional Liabilities**

The potential liability loss for a cost-of-living increase exceeding the 2.30% price inflation assumption and any potential liability loss from future member service purchases that are not reflected in the valuation.

# Miscellaneous Loading Factors

## **Credit for Unused Sick Leave**

Total years of service is increased by 1% for those plans that have adopted the provision of providing Credit for Unused Sick Leave.

## **Conversion of Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC)**

Total years of service is increased by the Employee Contribution Rate for those plans with the provision providing for the Conversion of Employer Paid Member Contributions (EPMC) during the final compensation period.

#### Norris Decision (Best Factors)

Employees hired prior to July 1, 1982 have projected benefit amounts increased in order to reflect the use of "Best Factors" in the calculation of optional benefit forms. This is due to a 1983 Supreme Court decision, known as the Norris decision, which required males and females to be treated equally in the determination of benefit amounts. Consequently, anyone already employed at that time is given the best possible conversion factor when optional benefits are determined. No loading is necessary for employees hired after July 1, 1982.

#### **Termination Liability**

The termination liabilities include a 5% contingency load. This load is for unforeseen improvements in mortality.

## **Demographic Assumptions**

# **Pre-Retirement Mortality**

The mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board in November 2021. For purposes of the mortality rates, the rates incorporate generational mortality to capture on-going mortality improvement. Generational mortality explicitly assumes that members born more recently will live longer than the members born before them thereby capturing the mortality improvement seen in the past and expected continued improvement. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website

Rates vary by age and gender are shown in the table below. This table only contains a sample of the 2017 base table rates for illustrative purposes. The non-industrial death rates are used for all plans. The industrial death rates are used for Safety plans (except for local Safety members described in Section 20423.6 where the agency has not specifically contracted for industrial death benefits.)

	Miscell	aneous	Safety					
	Non-Indus	strial Death	Non-Indus	trial Death	Industrial Death			
	(Not Job	-Related)	(Not Job	-Related)	(Job-Related)			
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female		
20	0.00039	0.00014	0.00038	0.00014	0.00004	0.00002		
25	0.00033	0.00013	0.00034	0.00018	0.00004	0.00002		
30	0.00044	0.00019	0.00042	0.00025	0.00005	0.00003		
35	0.00058	0.00029	0.00048	0.00034	0.00005	0.00004		
40	0.00075	0.00039	0.00055	0.00042	0.00006	0.00005		
45	0.00093	0.00054	0.00066	0.00053	0.00007	0.00006		
50	0.00134	0.00081	0.00092	0.00073	0.00010	0.00008		
55	0.00198	0.00123	0.00138	0.00106	0.00015	0.00012		
60	0.00287	0.00179	0.00221	0.00151	0.00025	0.00017		
65	0.00403	0.00250	0.00346	0.00194	0.00038	0.00022		
70	0.00594	0.00404	0.00606	0.00358	0.00067	0.00040		
75	0.00933	0.00688	0.01099	0.00699	0.00122	0.00078		
80	0.01515	0.01149	0.02027	0.01410	0.00225	0.00157		

- The pre-retirement mortality rates above are for 2017 and are projected generationally for future years using 80% of the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.
- Miscellaneous plans usually have industrial death rates set to zero unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial death benefits. If so, each non-industrial death rate shown above will be split into two components: 99% will become the non-industrial death rate and 1% will become the industrial death rate.

## **Post-Retirement Mortality**

Rates vary by age, type of retirement, and gender. See sample rates in table below. These rates are used for all plans.

			Non-Industri	ially Disabled	Industrial	ly Disabled	
	<b>Healthy Recipients</b>		(Not Job	-Related)	(Job-Related)		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
50	0.00267	0.00199	0.01701	0.01439	0.00430	0.00311	
55	0.00390	0.00325	0.02210	0.01734	0.00621	0.00550	
60	0.00578	0.00455	0.02708	0.01962	0.00944	0.00868	
65	0.00857	0.00612	0.03334	0.02276	0.01394	0.01190	
70	0.01333	0.00996	0.04001	0.02910	0.02163	0.01858	
75	0.02391	0.01783	0.05376	0.04160	0.03446	0.03134	
80	0.04371	0.03403	0.07936	0.06112	0.05853	0.05183	
85	0.08274	0.06166	0.11561	0.09385	0.10137	0.08045	
90	0.14539	0.11086	0.16608	0.14396	0.16584	0.12434	
95	0.24665	0.20364	0.24665	0.20364	0.24665	0.20364	
100	0.36198	0.31582	0.36198	0.31582	0.36198	0.31582	
105	0.52229	0.44679	0.52229	0.44679	0.52229	0.44679	
110	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	

The post-retirement mortality rates above are for 2017 and are projected generationally for future years using 80% of the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.

#### **Marital Status**

For active members, a percentage who are married upon retirement is assumed according to the member category as shown in the following table.

Member Category	Percent Married
Miscellaneous Member	70%
Local Police	85%
Local Fire	85%
Other Local Safety	70%
School Police	85%
Local County Peace Officers	75%

#### Age of Spouse

It is assumed that female spouses are 3 years younger than male spouses. This assumption is used for all plans.

#### **Terminated Members**

It is assumed that terminated members refund immediately if non-vested. Terminated members who are vested are assumed to retire at age 59 for Miscellaneous members and age 54 for Safety members.

## **Termination with Refund**

Rates vary by entry age and service for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by service for Safety plans. See sample rates in tables below.

# **Public Agency Miscellaneous**

Duration of					_							
Service	Entry	Age 20	Entry /	Age 25	Entry	Age 30	Entry	Age 35	Entry	Age 40	Entry /	4ge 45
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.1851	0.1944	0.1769	0.1899	0.1631	0.1824	0.1493	0.1749	0.1490	0.1731	0.1487	0.1713
1	0.1531	0.1673	0.1432	0.1602	0.1266	0.1484	0.1101	0.1366	0.1069	0.1323	0.1037	0.1280
2	0.1218	0.1381	0.1125	0.1307	0.0970	0.1183	0.0815	0.1058	0.0771	0.0998	0.0726	0.0938
3	0.0927	0.1085	0.0852	0.1020	0.0727	0.0912	0.0601	0.0804	0.0556	0.0737	0.0511	0.0669
4	0.0672	0.0801	0.0616	0.0752	0.0524	0.0670	0.0431	0.0587	0.0392	0.0523	0.0352	0.0459
5	0.0463	0.0551	0.0423	0.0517	0.0358	0.0461	0.0292	0.0404	0.0261	0.0350	0.0230	0.0296
10	0.0112	0.0140	0.0101	0.0129	0.0083	0.0112	0.0064	0.0094	0.0048	0.0071	0.0033	0.0049
15	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
20	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

# **Public Agency Safety**

Duration of						
Service	Fir	e	Poli	ce	County Pea	ce Officer
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.1022	0.1317	0.1298	0.1389	0.1086	0.1284
1	0.0686	0.1007	0.0789	0.0904	0.0777	0.0998
2	0.0441	0.0743	0.0464	0.0566	0.0549	0.0759
3	0.0272	0.0524	0.0274	0.0343	0.0385	0.0562
4	0.0161	0.0349	0.0170	0.0206	0.0268	0.0402
5	0.0092	0.0214	0.0113	0.0128	0.0186	0.0276
10	0.0015	0.0000	0.0032	0.0047	0.0046	0.0038
15	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0023	0.0036
20	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

• The police termination and refund rates are also used for Public Agency Local Prosecutors, Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

# **Termination with Refund** (continued)

# Schools

Duration of												
Service	Entry	Age 20	Entry /	Age 25	_ Entry /	Age 30	Entry	Age 35	Entry	Age 40	Entry /	Age 45
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.2054	0.2120	0.1933	0.1952	0.1730	0.1672	0.1527	0.1392	0.1423	0.1212	0.1318	0.1032
1	0.1922	0.2069	0.1778	0.1883	0.1539	0.1573	0.1300	0.1264	0.1191	0.1087	0.1083	0.0910
2	0.1678	0.1859	0.1536	0.1681	0.1298	0.1383	0.1060	0.1086	0.0957	0.0934	0.0853	0.0782
3	0.1384	0.1575	0.1256	0.1417	0.1042	0.1155	0.0829	0.0893	0.0736	0.0774	0.0643	0.0656
4	0.1085	0.1274	0.0978	0.1143	0.0800	0.0925	0.0622	0.0707	0.0542	0.0620	0.0462	0.0533
5	0.0816	0.0991	0.0732	0.0887	0.0590	0.0713	0.0449	0.0539	0.0383	0.0476	0.0317	0.0413
10	0.0222	0.0248	0.0200	0.0221	0.0163	0.0174	0.0125	0.0128	0.0094	0.0100	0.0063	0.0072
15	0.0106	0.0132	0.0095	0.0113	0.0077	0.0083	0.0058	0.0052	0.0040	0.0039	0.0021	0.0026
20	0.0059	0.0065	0.0050	0.0054	0.0035	0.0036	0.0021	0.0019	0.0010	0.0009	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0029	0.0034	0.0025	0.0029	0.0018	0.0020	0.0010	0.0012	0.0005	0.0006	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0012	0.0015	0.0011	0.0013	0.0011	0.0011	0.0010	0.0009	0.0005	0.0005	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0006	0.0007	0.0006	0.0007	0.0005	0.0006	0.0005	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000

#### **Termination with Vested Benefits**

Rates vary by entry age and service for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by service for Safety plans. See sample rates in tables below.

**Public Agency Miscellaneous** 

Duration of										
Service	Entry Age 20		Entry Age 25		Entry Age 30		Entry Age 35		Entry A	Age 40
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
5	0.0381	0.0524	0.0381	0.0524	0.0358	0.0464	0.0334	0.0405	0.0301	0.0380
10	0.0265	0.0362	0.0265	0.0362	0.0254	0.0334	0.0244	0.0307	0.0197	0.0236
15	0.0180	0.0252	0.0180	0.0252	0.0166	0.0213	0.0152	0.0174	0.0119	0.0132
20	0.0141	0.0175	0.0141	0.0175	0.0110	0.0131	0.0079	0.0087	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0084	0.0108	0.0084	0.0108	0.0064	0.0076	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0047	0.0056	0.0047	0.0056	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0038	0.0041	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

# **Public Agency Safety**

Duration of Service	Fir	re	Poli	ce	County Pea	ce Officer
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
5	0.0089	0.0224	0.0156	0.0272	0.0177	0.0266
10	0.0066	0.0164	0.0113	0.0198	0.0126	0.0189
15	0.0048	0.0120	0.0083	0.0144	0.0089	0.0134
20	0.0035	0.0088	0.0060	0.0105	0.0063	0.0095
25	0.0024	0.0061	0.0042	0.0073	0.0042	0.0063
30	0.0012	0.0031	0.0021	0.0037	0.0021	0.0031
35	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

- After termination with vested benefits, a Miscellaneous member is assumed to retire at age 59 and a Safety member at age 54.
- The Police termination with vested benefits rates are also used for Public Agency Local Prosecutors, Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

## **Schools**

Duration of										
Service	Entry /	Age 20	Entry A	Age 25	Entry /	Age 30	Entry A	Age 35	Entry A	\ge 40
	Male	Female								
5	0.0359	0.0501	0.0359	0.0501	0.0332	0.0402	0.0305	0.0304	0.0266	0.0272
10	0.0311	0.0417	0.0311	0.0417	0.0269	0.0341	0.0228	0.0265	0.0193	0.0233
15	0.0193	0.0264	0.0193	0.0264	0.0172	0.0220	0.0151	0.0175	0.0123	0.0142
20	0.0145	0.0185	0.0145	0.0185	0.0113	0.0141	0.0080	0.0097	0.0000	0.0000
25	0.0089	0.0123	0.0089	0.0123	0.0074	0.0093	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
30	0.0057	0.0064	0.0057	0.0064	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
35	0.0040	0.0049	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

## Non-Industrial (Not Job-Related) Disability

Rates vary by age and gender for Miscellaneous plans. Rates vary by age and category for Safety plans.

	Miscellaneous		Fire	Police	County Peace Officer	Sch	nools
Age	Male	Female	Male and Female	Male and Female	Male and Female	Male	Female
20	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0002
25	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0002
30	0.0002	0.0003	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002
35	0.0004	0.0007	0.0001	0.0002	0.0003	0.0005	0.0004
40	0.0009	0.0012	0.0001	0.0002	0.0006	0.0010	0.0008
45	0.0015	0.0019	0.0002	0.0003	0.0011	0.0019	0.0015
50	0.0015	0.0019	0.0004	0.0005	0.0016	0.0027	0.0021
55	0.0014	0.0013	0.0006	0.0007	0.0009	0.0024	0.0017
60	0.0012	0.0009	0.0006	0.0011	0.0005	0.0020	0.0010

- The Miscellaneous non-industrial disability rates are used for Local Prosecutors.
- The police non-industrial disability rates are also used for Other Safety, Local Sheriff, and School Police.

# Industrial (Job-Related) Disability

Rates vary by age and category.

Age	Fire	Police	County Peace Officer
20	0.0001	0.0000	0.0004
25	0.0002	0.0017	0.0013
30	0.0006	0.0048	0.0025
35	0.0012	0.0079	0.0037
40	0.0023	0.0110	0.0051
45	0.0040	0.0141	0.0067
50	0.0208	0.0185	0.0092
55	0.0307	0.0479	0.0151
60	0.0438	0.0602	0.0174

- The police industrial disability rates are also used for Local Sheriff and Other Safety.
- 50% of the police industrial disability rates are used for School Police.
- 1% of the police industrial disability rates are used for Local Prosecutors.
- Normally, rates are zero for Miscellaneous plans unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial disability benefits. If so, each Miscellaneous non-industrial disability rate will be split into two components: 50% will become the non-industrial disability rate and 50% will become the industrial disability rate.

Retirement rates vary by age, service, and formula, except for the Safety Half Pay at 55 and 2% at 55 formulas, where retirement rates vary by age only.

Public Agency Miscellaneous 1.5% at 65

	Duration of Service								
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years			
50	0.008	0.011	0.013	0.015	0.017	0.019			
51	0.007	0.010	0.012	0.013	0.015	0.017			
52	0.010	0.014	0.017	0.019	0.021	0.024			
53	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.017	0.019	0.022			
54	0.012	0.016	0.019	0.022	0.025	0.028			
55	0.018	0.025	0.031	0.035	0.038	0.043			
56	0.015	0.021	0.025	0.029	0.032	0.036			
57	0.020	0.028	0.033	0.038	0.043	0.048			
58	0.024	0.033	0.040	0.046	0.052	0.058			
59	0.028	0.039	0.048	0.054	0.060	0.067			
60	0.049	0.069	0.083	0.094	0.105	0.118			
61	0.062	0.087	0.106	0.120	0.133	0.150			
62	0.104	0.146	0.177	0.200	0.223	0.251			
63	0.099	0.139	0.169	0.191	0.213	0.239			
64	0.097	0.136	0.165	0.186	0.209	0.233			
65	0.140	0.197	0.240	0.271	0.302	0.339			
66	0.092	0.130	0.157	0.177	0.198	0.222			
67	0.129	0.181	0.220	0.249	0.277	0.311			
68	0.092	0.129	0.156	0.177	0.197	0.221			
69	0.092	0.130	0.158	0.178	0.199	0.224			
70	0.103	0.144	0.175	0.198	0.221	0.248			

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 60

	Duration of Service								
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years			
50	0.010	0.011	0.014	0.014	0.017	0.017			
51	0.017	0.013	0.014	0.010	0.010	0.010			
52	0.014	0.014	0.018	0.015	0.016	0.016			
53	0.015	0.012	0.013	0.010	0.011	0.011			
54	0.006	0.010	0.017	0.016	0.018	0.018			
55	0.012	0.016	0.024	0.032	0.036	0.036			
56	0.010	0.014	0.023	0.030	0.034	0.034			
57	0.006	0.018	0.030	0.040	0.044	0.044			
58	0.022	0.023	0.033	0.042	0.046	0.046			
59	0.039	0.033	0.040	0.047	0.050	0.050			
60	0.063	0.069	0.074	0.090	0.137	0.116			
61	0.044	0.058	0.066	0.083	0.131	0.113			
62	0.084	0.107	0.121	0.153	0.238	0.205			
63	0.173	0.166	0.165	0.191	0.283	0.235			
64	0.120	0.145	0.164	0.147	0.160	0.172			
65	0.138	0.160	0.214	0.216	0.237	0.283			
66	0.198	0.228	0.249	0.216	0.228	0.239			
67	0.207	0.242	0.230	0.233	0.233	0.233			
68	0.201	0.234	0.225	0.231	0.231	0.231			
69	0.152	0.173	0.164	0.166	0.166	0.166			
70	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200			

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 55

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.014	0.014	0.017	0.021	0.023	0.024
51	0.013	0.017	0.017	0.018	0.018	0.019
52	0.013	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.020	0.021
53	0.013	0.019	0.021	0.024	0.025	0.026
54	0.017	0.025	0.028	0.032	0.033	0.035
55	0.045	0.042	0.053	0.086	0.098	0.123
56	0.018	0.036	0.056	0.086	0.102	0.119
57	0.041	0.046	0.056	0.076	0.094	0.120
58	0.052	0.044	0.048	0.074	0.106	0.123
59	0.043	0.058	0.073	0.092	0.105	0.126
60	0.059	0.064	0.083	0.115	0.154	0.170
61	0.087	0.074	0.087	0.107	0.147	0.168
62	0.115	0.123	0.151	0.180	0.227	0.237
63	0.116	0.127	0.164	0.202	0.252	0.261
64	0.084	0.138	0.153	0.190	0.227	0.228
65	0.167	0.187	0.210	0.262	0.288	0.291
66	0.187	0.258	0.280	0.308	0.318	0.319
67	0.195	0.235	0.244	0.277	0.269	0.280
68	0.228	0.248	0.250	0.241	0.245	0.245
69	0.188	0.201	0.209	0.219	0.231	0.231
70	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229

# Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.5% at 55

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.014	0.017	0.027	0.035	0.046	0.050
51	0.019	0.021	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.040
52	0.018	0.020	0.026	0.034	0.038	0.037
53	0.013	0.021	0.031	0.045	0.052	0.053
5 <del>4</del>	0.025	0.025	0.030	0.046	0.057	0.068
55	0.029	0.042	0.064	0.109	0.150	0.225
56	0.036	0.047	0.068	0.106	0.134	0.194
57	0.051	0.047	0.060	0.092	0.116	0.166
58	0.035	0.046	0.062	0.093	0.119	0.170
59	0.029	0.053	0.072	0.112	0.139	0.165
60	0.039	0.069	0.094	0.157	0.177	0.221
61	0.080	0.077	0.086	0.140	0.167	0.205
62	0.086	0.131	0.149	0.220	0.244	0.284
63	0.135	0.135	0.147	0.214	0.222	0.262
6 <del>4</del>	0.114	0.128	0.158	0.177	0.233	0.229
65	0.112	0.174	0.222	0.209	0.268	0.273
66	0.235	0.254	0.297	0.289	0.321	0.337
67	0.237	0.240	0.267	0.249	0.267	0.277
68	0.258	0.271	0.275	0.207	0.210	0.212
69	0.117	0.208	0.266	0.219	0.250	0.270
70	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229	0.229

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2.7% at 55

		Duration of Service								
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years				
50	0.011	0.016	0.022	0.033	0.034	0.038				
51	0.018	0.019	0.023	0.032	0.031	0.031				
52	0.019	0.020	0.026	0.035	0.034	0.037				
53	0.020	0.020	0.025	0.043	0.048	0.053				
54	0.018	0.030	0.040	0.052	0.053	0.070				
55	0.045	0.058	0.082	0.138	0.208	0.278				
56	0.057	0.062	0.080	0.121	0.178	0.222				
57	0.045	0.052	0.071	0.106	0.147	0.182				
58	0.074	0.060	0.074	0.118	0.163	0.182				
59	0.058	0.067	0.086	0.123	0.158	0.187				
60	0.087	0.084	0.096	0.142	0.165	0.198				
61	0.073	0.084	0.101	0.138	0.173	0.218				
62	0.130	0.133	0.146	0.187	0.214	0.249				
63	0.122	0.140	0.160	0.204	0.209	0.243				
64	0.104	0.124	0.154	0.202	0.214	0.230				
65	0.182	0.201	0.242	0.264	0.293	0.293				
66	0.272	0.249	0.273	0.285	0.312	0.312				
67	0.182	0.217	0.254	0.249	0.264	0.264				
68	0.223	0.197	0.218	0.242	0.273	0.273				
69	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217	0.217				
70	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227				

# Public Agency Miscellaneous 3% at 60

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.015	0.020	0.025	0.039	0.040	0.044
51	0.041	0.034	0.032	0.041	0.036	0.037
52	0.024	0.020	0.022	0.039	0.040	0.041
53	0.018	0.024	0.032	0.047	0.048	0.057
54	0.033	0.033	0.035	0.051	0.049	0.052
55	0.137	0.043	0.051	0.065	0.076	0.108
56	0.173	0.038	0.054	0.075	0.085	0.117
57	0.019	0.035	0.059	0.088	0.111	0.134
58	0.011	0.040	0.070	0.105	0.133	0.162
59	0.194	0.056	0.064	0.081	0.113	0.163
60	0.081	0.085	0.133	0.215	0.280	0.333
61	0.080	0.090	0.134	0.170	0.223	0.292
62	0.137	0.153	0.201	0.250	0.278	0.288
63	0.128	0.140	0.183	0.227	0.251	0.260
64	0.174	0.147	0.173	0.224	0.239	0.264
65	0.152	0.201	0.262	0.299	0.323	0.323
66	0.272	0.273	0.317	0.355	0.380	0.380
67	0.218	0.237	0.268	0.274	0.284	0.284
68	0.200	0.228	0.269	0.285	0.299	0.299
69	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
70	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245	0.245

Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% at 62

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
51	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
52	0.005	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.019	0.031	
53	0.007	0.011	0.014	0.018	0.021	0.032	
54	0.007	0.011	0.015	0.019	0.023	0.034	
55	0.010	0.019	0.028	0.036	0.061	0.096	
56	0.014	0.026	0.038	0.050	0.075	0.108	
57	0.018	0.029	0.039	0.050	0.074	0.107	
58	0.023	0.035	0.048	0.060	0.073	0.099	
59	0.025	0.038	0.051	0.065	0.092	0.128	
60	0.031	0.051	0.071	0.091	0.111	0.138	
61	0.038	0.058	0.079	0.100	0.121	0.167	
62	0.044	0.074	0.104	0.134	0.164	0.214	
63	0.077	0.105	0.134	0.163	0.192	0.237	
64	0.072	0.101	0.129	0.158	0.187	0.242	
65	0.108	0.141	0.173	0.206	0.239	0.300	
66	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366	
67	0.132	0.172	0.212	0.252	0.292	0.366	
68	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333	
69	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333	
70	0.120	0.156	0.193	0.229	0.265	0.333	

Public Agency Fire Half Pay at 55 and 2% at 55

	andrigency in the		
Age	Rate	Age	Rate
50	0.016	56	0.111
51	0.000	57	0.000
52	0.034	58	0.095
53	0.020	59	0.044
54	0.041	60	1.000
55	0.075		

Public Agency Police Half Pay at 55 and 2% at 55

Age	Rate	Age	Rate
50	0.026	56	0.069
51	0.000	57	0.051
52	0.016	58	0.072
53	0.027	59	0.070
54	0.010	60	0.300
55	0.167		

Public Agency Police 2% at 50

			Duration (	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.018	0.077	0.056	0.046	0.043	0.046
51	0.022	0.087	0.060	0.048	0.044	0.047
52	0.020	0.102	0.081	0.071	0.069	0.075
53	0.016	0.072	0.053	0.045	0.042	0.046
54	0.006	0.071	0.071	0.069	0.072	0.080
55	0.009	0.040	0.099	0.157	0.186	0.186
56	0.020	0.051	0.108	0.165	0.194	0.194
57	0.036	0.072	0.106	0.139	0.156	0.156
58	0.001	0.046	0.089	0.130	0.152	0.152
59	0.066	0.094	0.119	0.143	0.155	0.155
60	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177
61	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134	0.134
62	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184	0.184
63	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250
64	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177	0.177
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 2% at 50

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.054	0.054	0.056	0.080	0.064	0.066	
51	0.020	0.020	0.021	0.030	0.024	0.024	
52	0.037	0.037	0.038	0.054	0.043	0.045	
53	0.051	0.051	0.053	0.076	0.061	0.063	
54	0.082	0.082	0.085	0.121	0.097	0.100	
55	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139	0.139	
56	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.129	
57	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	
58	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119	0.119	
59	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167	0.167	
60	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	0.152	
61	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	
62	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	
63	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	
64	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	0.179	
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

Public Agency Police 3% at 55

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.019	0.053	0.045	0.054	0.057	0.061	
51	0.002	0.017	0.028	0.044	0.053	0.060	
52	0.002	0.031	0.037	0.051	0.059	0.066	
53	0.026	0.049	0.049	0.080	0.099	0.114	
54	0.019	0.034	0.047	0.091	0.121	0.142	
55	0.006	0.115	0.141	0.199	0.231	0.259	
56	0.017	0.188	0.121	0.173	0.199	0.199	
57	0.008	0.137	0.093	0.136	0.157	0.157	
58	0.017	0.126	0.105	0.164	0.194	0.194	
59	0.026	0.146	0.110	0.167	0.195	0.195	
60	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	0.155	
61	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	
62	0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262	0.262	
63	0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172	0.172	
64	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	0.227	
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 3% at 55

Duration of Service						
5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
0.003	0.006	0.013	0.019	0.025	0.028	
0.004	0.008	0.017	0.026	0.034	0.038	
0.005	0.011	0.022	0.033	0.044	0.049	
0.005	0.034	0.024	0.038	0.069	0.138	
0.007	0.047	0.032	0.051	0.094	0.187	
0.010	0.067	0.046	0.073	0.134	0.266	
0.010	0.063	0.044	0.069	0.127	0.253	
0.135	0.100	0.148	0.196	0.220	0.220	
0.083	0.062	0.091	0.120	0.135	0.135	
0.137	0.053	0.084	0.146	0.177	0.177	
0.162	0.063	0.099	0.172	0.208	0.208	
0.598	0.231	0.231	0.231	0.231	0.231	
0.621	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.240	
0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	
0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.236	
1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
	0.003 0.004 0.005 0.005 0.007 0.010 0.010 0.135 0.083 0.137 0.162 0.598 0.621 0.236 0.236	0.003         0.006           0.004         0.008           0.005         0.011           0.005         0.034           0.007         0.047           0.010         0.067           0.010         0.063           0.135         0.100           0.083         0.062           0.137         0.053           0.162         0.063           0.598         0.231           0.621         0.240           0.236         0.236           0.236         0.236	5 Years         10 Years         15 Years           0.003         0.006         0.013           0.004         0.008         0.017           0.005         0.011         0.022           0.005         0.034         0.024           0.007         0.047         0.032           0.010         0.067         0.046           0.010         0.063         0.044           0.135         0.100         0.148           0.083         0.062         0.091           0.137         0.053         0.084           0.162         0.063         0.099           0.598         0.231         0.231           0.621         0.240         0.240           0.236         0.236         0.236           0.236         0.236         0.236	5 Years         10 Years         15 Years         20 Years           0.003         0.006         0.013         0.019           0.004         0.008         0.017         0.026           0.005         0.011         0.022         0.033           0.005         0.034         0.024         0.038           0.007         0.047         0.032         0.051           0.010         0.067         0.046         0.073           0.010         0.063         0.044         0.069           0.135         0.100         0.148         0.196           0.083         0.062         0.091         0.120           0.137         0.053         0.084         0.146           0.162         0.063         0.099         0.172           0.598         0.231         0.231         0.231           0.621         0.240         0.240         0.240           0.236         0.236         0.236         0.236           0.236         0.236         0.236         0.236	5 Years         10 Years         15 Years         20 Years         25 Years           0.003         0.006         0.013         0.019         0.025           0.004         0.008         0.017         0.026         0.034           0.005         0.011         0.022         0.033         0.044           0.005         0.034         0.024         0.038         0.069           0.007         0.047         0.032         0.051         0.094           0.010         0.067         0.046         0.073         0.134           0.010         0.063         0.044         0.069         0.127           0.135         0.100         0.148         0.196         0.220           0.083         0.062         0.091         0.120         0.135           0.137         0.053         0.084         0.146         0.177           0.162         0.063         0.099         0.172         0.208           0.598         0.231         0.231         0.231         0.231           0.621         0.240         0.240         0.240         0.240           0.236         0.236         0.236         0.236         0.236 <td< td=""></td<>	

Public Agency Police 3% at 50

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.124	0.103	0.113	0.143	0.244	0.376
51	0.060	0.081	0.087	0.125	0.207	0.294
52	0.016	0.055	0.111	0.148	0.192	0.235
53	0.072	0.074	0.098	0.142	0.189	0.237
54	0.018	0.049	0.105	0.123	0.187	0.271
55	0.069	0.074	0.081	0.113	0.209	0.305
56	0.064	0.108	0.113	0.125	0.190	0.288
57	0.056	0.109	0.160	0.182	0.210	0.210
58	0.108	0.129	0.173	0.189	0.214	0.214
59	0.093	0.144	0.204	0.229	0.262	0.262
60	0.343	0.180	0.159	0.188	0.247	0.247
61	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221	0.221
62	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213	0.213
63	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233	0.233
64	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234	0.234
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 3% at 50

		. 45.116719	0.107 1 11 0 0	70 40 50		
			Duration o	f Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.095	0.048	0.053	0.093	0.134	0.175
51	0.016	0.032	0.053	0.085	0.117	0.149
52	0.013	0.032	0.054	0.087	0.120	0.154
53	0.085	0.044	0.049	0.089	0.129	0.170
54	0.038	0.065	0.074	0.105	0.136	0.167
55	0.042	0.043	0.049	0.085	0.132	0.215
56	0.133	0.103	0.075	0.113	0.151	0.209
57	0.062	0.048	0.060	0.124	0.172	0.213
58	0.124	0.097	0.092	0.153	0.194	0.227
59	0.092	0.071	0.078	0.144	0.192	0.233
60	0.056	0.044	0.061	0.131	0.186	0.233
61	0.282	0.219	0.158	0.198	0.233	0.260
62	0.292	0.227	0.164	0.205	0.241	0.269
63	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196	0.196
64	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197	0.197
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Public Agency Police 2% at 57

			Duration	of Service		
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
50	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.080
51	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.040	0.066
52	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.043	0.061
53	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.057	0.086
54	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.032	0.069	0.110
55	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.067	0.099	0.179
56	0.046	0.046	0.046	0.062	0.090	0.160
57	0.054	0.054	0.054	0.072	0.106	0.191
58	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.066	0.103	0.171
59	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.069	0.105	0.171
60	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.171
61	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.108	0.128
62	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.159
63	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.159
64	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.113	0.239
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 2% at 57

		Duration o	f Convice				
	Duration of Service						
5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.008	0.012		
0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.009	0.013		
0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.019	0.028		
0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.050	0.075		
0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.069	0.103		
0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.094	0.140		
0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.084	0.126		
0.081	0.081	0.081	0.081	0.125	0.187		
0.059	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.091	0.137		
0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.084	0.126		
0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.131	0.196		
1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000		
	0.005 0.006 0.012 0.033 0.045 0.061 0.055 0.081 0.059 0.055 0.085 0.085 0.085	0.005         0.005           0.006         0.006           0.012         0.012           0.033         0.033           0.045         0.045           0.061         0.061           0.055         0.055           0.081         0.081           0.059         0.059           0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085	0.005         0.005         0.005           0.006         0.006         0.006           0.012         0.012         0.012           0.033         0.033         0.045           0.061         0.061         0.061           0.055         0.055         0.055           0.081         0.081         0.081           0.059         0.059         0.059           0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085	0.005         0.005         0.005         0.005           0.006         0.006         0.006         0.006           0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012           0.033         0.033         0.033         0.033           0.045         0.045         0.045         0.045           0.061         0.061         0.061         0.061           0.055         0.055         0.055         0.055           0.081         0.081         0.081         0.081           0.059         0.059         0.059         0.059           0.055         0.055         0.055         0.055           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085	0.005         0.005         0.005         0.005         0.008           0.006         0.006         0.006         0.006         0.009           0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.019           0.033         0.033         0.033         0.033         0.050           0.045         0.045         0.045         0.045         0.069           0.061         0.061         0.061         0.061         0.094           0.055         0.055         0.055         0.055         0.084           0.081         0.081         0.081         0.081         0.125           0.059         0.059         0.059         0.059         0.091           0.055         0.055         0.055         0.084         0.084           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085         0.131           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085         0.131           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085         0.131           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085         0.131           0.085         0.085         0.085         0.085         0.131           0.085		

Public Agency Police 2.5% at 57

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100	
51	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.055	0.089	
52	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.058	0.082	
53	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.073	0.111	
54	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.041	0.088	0.142	
55	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.082	0.120	0.217	
56	0.056	0.056	0.056	0.075	0.110	0.194	
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.080	0.118	0.213	
58	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.079	0.124	0.205	
59	0.072	0.072	0.072	0.083	0.126	0.205	
60	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.205	
61	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.153	
62	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.191	
63	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.191	
64	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.135	0.287	
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

 These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 2.5% at 57

		. 45.1167191	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<del>5 /0 at 5 /</del>			
	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.010	0.015	
51	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.012	0.018	
52	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.025	0.038	
53	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.064	0.096	
54	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.088	0.132	
55	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.114	0.170	
56	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.102	0.153	
57	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.139	0.208	
58	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.110	0.164	
59	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.066	0.101	0.151	
60	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.235	
61	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236	
62	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236	
63	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236	
64	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.102	0.157	0.236	
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

Public Agency Police 2.7% at 57

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.100	
51	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.058	0.094	
52	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.058	0.083	
53	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.077	0.117	
54	0.038	0.038	0.038	0.044	0.093	0.150	
55	0.068	0.068	0.068	0.091	0.134	0.242	
56	0.063	0.063	0.063	0.084	0.123	0.217	
57	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.080	0.118	0.213	
58	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.088	0.138	0.228	
59	0.080	0.080	0.080	0.092	0.140	0.228	
60	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.228	
61	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.144	0.170	
62	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.213	
63	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.213	
64	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.150	0.319	
65	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

• These rates also apply to County Peace officers, Local Prosecutors, Local Sheriff, School Police, and Other Safety.

Public Agency Fire 2.7% at 57

5 Years	10 Years	Duration of 15 Years			
	10 Years	15 Voars			
0.007		13 16912	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years
0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.010	0.015
0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.013	0.019
0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.025	0.038
0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.068	0.102
0.061	0.061	0.061	0.061	0.093	0.140
0.083	0.083	0.083	0.083	0.127	0.190
0.074	0.074	0.074	0.074	0.114	0.171
0.090	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.139	0.208
0.079	0.079	0.079	0.079	0.122	0.182
0.073	0.073	0.073	0.073	0.112	0.168
0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
0.114	0.114	0.114	0.114	0.175	0.262
1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	0.016 0.044 0.061 0.083 0.074 0.090 0.079 0.073 0.114 0.114 0.114 0.114	0.008       0.008         0.016       0.016         0.044       0.044         0.061       0.061         0.083       0.083         0.074       0.074         0.090       0.090         0.079       0.079         0.073       0.073         0.114       0.114         0.114       0.114         0.114       0.114         0.114       0.114         0.114       0.114         0.114       0.114         0.114       0.114         0.114       0.114	0.008         0.008         0.008           0.016         0.016         0.016           0.044         0.044         0.044           0.061         0.061         0.061           0.083         0.083         0.083           0.074         0.074         0.074           0.090         0.090         0.090           0.079         0.079         0.079           0.073         0.073         0.073           0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114	0.008         0.008         0.008         0.008           0.016         0.016         0.016         0.016           0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044           0.061         0.061         0.061         0.061           0.083         0.083         0.083         0.083           0.074         0.074         0.074         0.074           0.090         0.090         0.090         0.090           0.079         0.079         0.079         0.073           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114	0.008         0.008         0.008         0.008         0.013           0.016         0.016         0.016         0.025           0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.068           0.061         0.061         0.061         0.093         0.083         0.127           0.074         0.074         0.074         0.074         0.114           0.090         0.090         0.090         0.139           0.079         0.079         0.079         0.079         0.122           0.073         0.073         0.073         0.073         0.112           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114         0.175           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114         0.175           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114         0.175           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114         0.175           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114         0.175           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114         0.175           0.114         0.114         0.114         0.114         0.175

Schools 2% at 55

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.003	0.004	0.006	0.007	0.010	0.010	
51	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.008	0.011	0.011	
52	0.005	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.012	0.012	
53	0.007	0.008	0.010	0.012	0.015	0.015	
54	0.006	0.009	0.012	0.015	0.020	0.021	
55	0.011	0.023	0.034	0.057	0.070	0.090	
56	0.012	0.027	0.036	0.056	0.073	0.095	
57	0.016	0.027	0.036	0.055	0.068	0.087	
58	0.019	0.030	0.040	0.062	0.078	0.103	
59	0.023	0.034	0.046	0.070	0.085	0.109	
60	0.022	0.043	0.062	0.095	0.113	0.141	
61	0.030	0.051	0.071	0.103	0.124	0.154	
62	0.065	0.098	0.128	0.188	0.216	0.248	
63	0.075	0.112	0.144	0.197	0.222	0.268	
64	0.091	0.116	0.138	0.180	0.196	0.231	
65	0.163	0.164	0.197	0.232	0.250	0.271	
66	0.208	0.204	0.243	0.282	0.301	0.315	
67	0.189	0.185	0.221	0.257	0.274	0.287	
68	0.127	0.158	0.200	0.227	0.241	0.244	
69	0.168	0.162	0.189	0.217	0.229	0.238	
70	0.191	0.190	0.237	0.250	0.246	0.254	

Schools 2% at 62

	Duration of Service						
Age	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years	
50	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
51	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
52	0.004	0.007	0.010	0.011	0.013	0.015	
53	0.004	0.008	0.010	0.013	0.014	0.016	
54	0.005	0.011	0.015	0.018	0.020	0.022	
55	0.014	0.027	0.038	0.045	0.050	0.056	
56	0.013	0.026	0.037	0.043	0.048	0.055	
57	0.013	0.027	0.038	0.045	0.050	0.055	
58	0.017	0.034	0.047	0.056	0.062	0.069	
59	0.019	0.037	0.052	0.062	0.068	0.076	
60	0.026	0.053	0.074	0.087	0.097	0.108	
61	0.030	0.058	0.081	0.095	0.106	0.119	
62	0.053	0.105	0.147	0.174	0.194	0.217	
63	0.054	0.107	0.151	0.178	0.198	0.222	
64	0.053	0.105	0.147	0.174	0.194	0.216	
65	0.072	0.142	0.199	0.235	0.262	0.293	
66	0.077	0.152	0.213	0.252	0.281	0.314	
67	0.070	0.139	0.194	0.229	0.255	0.286	
68	0.063	0.124	0.173	0.205	0.228	0.255	
69	0.066	0.130	0.183	0.216	0.241	0.270	
70	0.071	0.140	0.196	0.231	0.258	0.289	

# **Miscellaneous**

# **Internal Revenue Code Section 415**

The limitations on benefits imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 415 are taken into account in this valuation. Each year the impact of any changes in this limitation since the prior valuation is included and amortized as part of the actuarial gain or loss base. This results in lower contributions for those employers contributing to the Replacement Benefit Fund and protects CalPERS from prefunding expected benefits in excess of limits imposed by federal tax law. The Section 415(b) dollar limit for the 2021 calendar year is \$230,000.

# Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17)

The limitations on compensation imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17) are taken into account in this valuation. Each year, the impact of any changes in the compensation limitation since the prior valuation is included and amortized as part of the actuarial gain or loss base. The compensation limit for classic members for the 2021 calendar year is 290,000.

# Appendix B Principal Plan Provisions

The following is a description of the principal plan provisions used in calculating costs and liabilities. We have indicated whether a plan provision is standard or optional. Standard benefits are applicable to all members while optional benefits vary among employers. Optional benefits that apply to a single period of time, such as Golden Hands hakes, have not been included. Many of the statements in this summary are general in nature, and are intended to provide an easily understood summary of the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The law itself governs in all situations.

# **Service Retirement**

# **Eligibility**

A classic CalPERS member or PEPRA Safety member becomes eligible for Service Retirement upon attainment of age 50 with at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). For employees hired into a plan with the 1.5% at age 65 formula, eligibility for service retirement is age 55 with at least 5 years of service. PEPRA Miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52 with at least 5 years of service.

#### **Benefit**

The service retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the product of the *benefit factor*, *years of service*, and *final compensation*.

• The *benefit factor* depends on the benefit formula specified in the agency's contract. The table below shows the factors for each of the available formulas. Factors vary by the member's age at retirement. Listed are the factors for retirement at whole year ages:

# **Miscellaneous Plan Formulas**

Retirement Age	1.5% at 65	2% at 60	2% at 55	2.5% at 55	2.7% at 55	3% at 60	PEPRA 2% at 62
50	0.5000%	1.092%	1.426%	2.000%	2.000%	2.000%	N/A
51	0.5667%	1.156%	1.522%	2.100%	2.140%	2.100%	N/A
52	0.6334%	1.224%	1.628%	2.200%	2.280%	2.200%	1.000%
53	0.7000%	1.296%	1.742%	2.300%	2.420%	2.300%	1.100%
54	0.7667%	1.376%	1.866%	2.400%	2.560%	2.400%	1.200%
55	0.8334%	1.460%	2.000%	2.500%	2.700%	2.500%	1.300%
56	0.9000%	1.552%	2.052%	2.500%	2.700%	2.600%	1.400%
57	0.9667%	1.650%	2.104%	2.500%	2.700%	2.700%	1.500%
58	1.0334%	1.758%	2.156%	2.500%	2.700%	2.800%	1.600%
59	1.1000%	1.874%	2.210%	2.500%	2.700%	2.900%	1.700%
60	1.1667%	2.000%	2.262%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	1.800%
61	1.2334%	2.134%	2.314%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	1.900%
62	1.3000%	2.272%	2.366%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.000%
63	1.3667%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.100%
64	1.4334%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.200%
65	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.300%
66	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.400%
67 & up	1.5000%	2.418%	2.418%	2.500%	2.700%	3.000%	2.500%

# **Safety Plan Formulas**

Retirement Age	Half Pay at 55*	2% at 55	2% at 50	3% at 55	3% at 50
50	1.783%	1.426%	2.000%	2.400%	3.000%
51	1.903%	1.522%	2.140%	2.520%	3.000%
52	2.035%	1.628%	2.280%	2.640%	3.000%
53	2.178%	1.742%	2.420%	2.760%	3.000%
54	2.333%	1.866%	2.560%	2.880%	3.000%
55 & Up	2.500%	2.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%

<sup>\*</sup> For this formula, the benefit factor also varies by entry age. The factors shown are for members with an entry age of 35 or greater. If entry age is less than 35, then the age 55 benefit factor is 50% divided by the difference between age 55 and entry age. The benefit factor for ages prior to age 55 is the same proportion of the age 55 benefit factor as in the above table.

#### **PEPRA Safety Plan Formulas**

Retirement Age	2% at 57	2.5% at 57	2.7% at 57
50	1.426%	2.000%	2.000%
51	1.508%	2.071%	2.100%
52	1.590%	2.143%	2.200%
53	1.672%	2.214%	2.300%
54	1.754%	2.286%	2.400%
55	1.836%	2.357%	2.500%
56	1.918%	2.429%	2.600%
57 & Up	2.000%	2.500%	2.700%

- The years of service is the amount credited by CalPERS to a member while he or she is employed in this group (or for other periods that are recognized under the employer's contract with CalPERS). For a member who has eamed service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance. An agency may contract for an optional benefit where any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement will be converted to credited service at a rate of 0.004 years of service for each day of sick leave.
- The *final compensation* is the monthly average of the member's highest 36 or 12 consecutive months' full-time equivalent monthly pay (no matter which CalPERS employer paid this compensation). The standard benefit is 36 months. Employers had the option of providing a final compensation equal to the highest 12 consecutive months for classic plans only. Final compensation must be defined by the highest 36 consecutive months' pay under the 1.5% at 65 formula. PEPRA members have a cap on the annual salary that can be used to calculate final compensation for all new members based on the Social Security contribution and benefit base. For employees that participate in Social Security this cap is \$128,059 for 2021 and for those employees that do not participate in Social Security the cap for 2021 is \$153,671. Adjustments to the caps are permitted annually based on changes to the CPI for all urban consumers.
- Employees must be covered by Social Security with the 1.5% at 65 formula. Social Security is optional for all other benefit formulas. For employees covered by Social Security, the modified formula is the standard benefit. Under this type of formula, the final compensation is offset by \$133.33 (or by one third if the final compensation is less than \$400). Employers may contract for the full benefit with Social Security that will eliminate the offset applicable to the final compensation. For employees not covered by Social Security, the full benefit is paid with no offsets.

Auxiliary organizations of the CSUC system may elect reduced contribution rates, in which case the offset is \$317 if members are not covered by Social Security or \$513 if members are covered by Social Security.

• The Miscellaneous and PEPRA Safety service retirement benefit is not capped. The classic Safety service retirement benefit is capped at 90% of final compensation.

# **Vested Deferred Retirement**

#### **Eligibility for Deferred Status**

A CalPERS member becomes eligible for a deferred vested retirement benefit when he or she leaves employment, keeps his or her contribution account balance on deposit with CalPERS, **and** has earned at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements).

#### **Eligibility to Start Receiving Benefits**

The CalPERS classic members and PEPRA Safety members become eligible to receive the deferred retirement benefit upon satisfying the eligibility requirements for deferred status and upon attainment of age 50 (55 for employees hired into a 1.5% at 65 plan). PEPRA Miscellaneous members become eligible to receive the deferred retirement benefit upon satisfying the eligibility requirements for deferred status and upon attainment of age 52.

#### **Benefit**

The vested deferred retirement benefit is the same as the service retirement benefit, where the benefit factor is based on the member's age at allowance commencement. For members who have earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit from each employer is calculated separately according to each employer's contract, and then added together for the total allowance.

# Non-Industrial (Non-Job Related) Disability Retirement

#### Eligibility

A CalPERS member is eligible for Non-Industrial Disability Retirement if he or she becomes *disabled* and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers, and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). There is no special age requirement. *Disabled* means the member is unable to perform his or her job because of an illness or injury, which is expected to be permanent or to last indefinitely. The illness or injury does not have to be job related. A CalPERS member must be actively employed by any CalPERS employer at the time of disability in order to be eligible for this benefit.

#### **Standard Benefit**

The standard Non-Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8% of final compensation, multiplied by *service*, which is determined as follows:

- Service is CalPERS credited service, for members with less than 10 years of service or greater than 18.518 years of service; or
- Service is CalPERS credited service plus the additional number of years that the member would have worked until age 60, for members with at least 10 years but not more than 18.518 years of service. The maximum benefit in this case is 331/3% of final compensation.

# **Improved Benefit**

Employers have the option of providing the improved Non-Industrial Disability Retirement benefit. This benefit provides a monthly allowance equal to 30% of final compensation for the first 5 years of service, plus 1% for each additional year of service to a maximum of 50% of final compensation.

Members who are eligible for a larger service retirement benefit may choose to receive that benefit in lieu of a disability benefit. Members eligible to retire, and who have attained the normal retirement age determined by their service retirement benefit formula, will receive the same dollar amount for disability retirement as that payable for service retirement. For members who have earned service with multiple CalPERS employers, the benefit attributed to each employer is the total disability allowance multiplied by the ratio of service with a particular employer to the total CalPERS service.

# **Industrial (Job Related) Disability Retirement**

This is a standard benefit for Safety members except those described in Section 20423.6. For excluded Safety members and all Miscellaneous members, employers have the option of providing this benefit. An employer may choose to provide the increased benefit option or the improved benefit option.

## Eligibility

An employee is eligible for Industrial Disability Retirement if he or she becomes disabled while working, where disabled means the member is unable to perform the duties of the job because of a work-related illness or injury, which is expected to be permanent or to last indefinitely. A CalPERS member who has left active employment within this group is not eligible for this benefit, except to the extent described below.

#### **Standard Benefit**

The standard Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50% of final compensation.

#### Increased Benefit (75% of Final Compensation)

The increased Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 75% of final compensation for total disability.

# Improved Benefit (50% to 90% of Final Compensation)

The improved Industrial Disability Retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the Workman's Compensation Appeals Board permanent disability rate percentage (if 50% or greater, with a maximum of 90%) times the final compensation.

For a CalPERS member not actively employed in this group who became disabled while employed by some other CalPERS employer, the benefit is a return of accumulated member contributions with respect to employment in this group. With the standard or increased benefit, a member may also choose to receive the annuitization of the accumulated member contributions.

If a member is eligible for service retirement and if the service retirement benefit is more than the industrial disability retirement benefit, the member may choose to receive the larger benefit.

# **Post-Retirement Death Benefit**

## **Standard Lump Sum Payment**

Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

#### **Improved Lump Sum Payment**

Employers have the option of providing an improved lump sum death benefit of \$600, \$2,000, \$3,000, \$4,000 or \$5,000.

# **Form of Payment for Retirement Allowance**

## **Standard Form of Payment**

Generally, the retirement allowance is paid to the retiree in the form of an annuity for as long as he or she is alive. The retiree may choose to provide for a portion of his or her allowance to be paid to any designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. CalPERS provides for a variety of such benefit options, which the retiree pays for by taking a reduction in his or her retirement allowance. Such reduction takes into account the amount to be provided to the beneficiary and the probable duration of payments (based on the ages of the member and beneficiary) made subsequent to the member's death.

# Improved Form of Payment (Post-Retirement Survivor Allowance)

Employers have the option to contract for the post-retirement survivor allowance.

For retirement allowances with respect to service subject to the modified formula, 25% of the retirement allowance will automatically be continued to certain statutory beneficiaries upon the death of the retiree, without a reduction in the retiree's allowance. For retirement allowances with respect to service subject to the full or supplemental formula, 50% of the retirement allowance will automatically be continued to certain statutory beneficiaries upon the death of the retiree, without a reduction in the retiree's allowance. This additional benefit is referred to as post-retirement survivor allowance (PRSA) or simply as survivor continuance.

In other words, 25% or 50% of the allowance, the continuance portion, is paid to the retiree for as long as he or she is alive, and that same amount is continued to the retiree's spouse (or if no eligible spouse, to unmarried child (ren) until they attain age 18; or, if no eligible child(ren), to a qualifying dependent parent) for the rest of his or her lifetime. This benefit will not be discontinued in the event the spouse remarries.

The remaining 75% or 50% of the retirement allowance, which may be referred to as the option portion of the benefit, is paid to the retiree as an annuity for as long as he or she is alive. Or, the retiree may choose to provide for some of this option portion to be paid to any designated beneficiary after the retiree's death. Benefit options applicable to the option portion are the same as those offered with the standard form. The reduction is calculated in the same manner but is applied only to the option portion.

# **Pre-Retirement Death Benefits**

# **Basic Death Benefit**

This is a standard benefit.

#### **Eligibility**

An employee's beneficiary (or estate) may receive the basic death benefit if the member dies while actively employed. A CalPERS member must be actively employed with the CalPERS employer providing this benefit to be eligible for this benefit. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit.

#### **Benefit**

The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the member's accumulated contributions, where interest is credited annually at the greater of 6% or the prevailing discount rate through the date of death, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death.

# 1957 Survivor Benefit

This is a standard benefit.

#### Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the 1957 Survivor benefit if the member dies while actively employed, has attained at least age 50 for classic and PEPRA Safety members and age 52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous members, and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). A CalPERS member must be actively employed with the CalPERS employer providing this benefit to be eligible for this benefit. An eligible survivor means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married at least one year before death or, if there is no eligible spouse, to the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 18. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this 1957 Survivor benefit.

#### **Benefit**

The 1957 Survivor benefit is a monthly allowance equal to one-half of the unmodified service retirement benefit that the member would have been entitled to receive if the member had retired on the date of his or her death. If the benefit is payable to the spouse, the benefit is discontinued upon the death of the spouse. If the benefit is payable to dependent child(ren), the benefit will be discontinued upon death or attainment of age 18, unless the child(ren) is disabled. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

# **Optional Settlement 2 Death Benefit**

This is an optional benefit.

# **Eligibility**

An employee's *eligible survivor* may receive the Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit if the member dies while actively employed, has attained at least age 50 for classic and PEPRA Safety members and age 52 for PEPRA Miscellaneous members, and has at least 5 years of credited service (total service across all CalPERS employers and with certain other retirement systems with which CalPERS has reciprocity agreements). A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married at least one year before death. A member's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit.

#### **Benefit**

The Optional Settlement 2 Death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the service retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member retired on the date of his or her death and elected 100% to continue to the eligible survivor after the member's death. The allowance is payable as long as the surviving spouse lives, at which time it is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 18, if applicable. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

# **Special Death Benefit**

This is a standard benefit for Safety members except those described in Section 20423.6. For excluded Safety members and all Miscellaneous members, employers have the option of providing this benefit.

# Eligibility

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the special death benefit if the member dies while actively employed and the death is job-related. A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married prior to the onset of the injury or illness that resulted in death. If there is no eligible spouse, an eligible survivor means the member's unmarried child(ren) under age 22. An eligible survivor who chooses to receive this benefit will not receive any other death benefit.

#### **Benefit**

The special death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50% of final compensation and will be increased whenever the compensation paid to active employees is increased but ceasing to increase when the member would have attained age 50. The allowance is payable to the surviving spouse until death at which time the allowance is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 22. There is a guarantee that the total amount paid will at least equal the basic death benefit.

If the member's death is the result of an accident or injury caused by external violence or physical force incurred in the performance of the member's duty, and there are *eligible* surviving child(ren) ( *eligible* means unmarried child(ren) under age 22) in addition to an eligible spouse, then an **additional monthly allowance** is paid equal to the following:

if 1 eligible child:
 if 2 eligible children:
 if 3 or more eligible children:
 25.0% of final compensation
 25.0% of final compensation

# **Alternate Death Benefit for Local Fire Members**

This is an optional benefit available only to local fire members.

## **Eligibility**

An employee's *eligible survivor(s)* may receive the alternate death benefit in lieu of the basic death benefit or the 1957 Survivor benefit if the member dies while actively employed and has at least 20 years of total CalPERS service. A CalPERS member who is no longer actively employed with **any** CalPERS employer is not eligible for this benefit. An *eligible survivor* means the surviving spouse to whom the member was married prior to the onset of the injury or illness that resulted in death. If there is no eligible spouse, an eligible survivor means the member's unmarried child (ren) under age 18.

## **Benefit**

The Alternate Death benefit is a monthly allowance equal to the service retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member retired on the date of his or her death and elected Optional Settlement 2. (A retiree who elects Optional Settlement 2 receives an allowance that has been reduced so that it will continue to be paid after his or her death to a surviving beneficiary.) If the member has not yet attained age 50, the benefit is equal to that which would be payable if the member had retired at age 50, based on service credited at the time of death. The allowance is payable as long as the surviving spouse lives, at which time it is continued to any unmarried child(ren) under age 18, if applicable. The total amount paid will be at least equal to the basic death benefit.

# **Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)**

#### **Standard Benefit**

Retirement and survivor allowances are adjusted each year in May for cost of living, beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement. The standard cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is 2%. Annual adjustments are calculated by first determining the lesser of 1) 2% compounded from the end of the year of retirement or 2) actual rate of price inflation. The resulting increase is divided by the total increase provided in prior years. For any given year, the COLA adjustment may be less than 2% (when the rate of price inflation is low), may be greater than the rate of price inflation (when the rate of price inflation is low after several years of high price inflation) or may even be greater than 2% (when price inflation is high after several years of low price inflation).

#### **Improved Benefit**

Employers have the option of providing a COLA of 3%, 4%, or 5%, determined in the same manner as described above for the standard 2% COLA. An improved COLA is not available with the 1.5% at 65 formula.

# **Purchasing Power Protection Allowance (PPPA)**

Retirement and survivor allowances are protected against price inflation by PPPA. PPPA benefits are cost-of-living adjustments that are intended to maintain an individual's allowance at 80% of the initial allowance at retirement adjusted for price inflation since retirement. The PPPA benefit will be coordinated with other cost-of-living adjustments provided under the plan.

# **Employee Contributions**

Each employee contributes toward his or her retirement based upon the retirement formula. The standard employee contribution is as described below.

- The percent contributed below the monthly compensation breakpoint is 0%.
- The monthly compensation breakpoint is \$0 for full and supplemental formula members and \$133.33 for employees covered by the modified formula.
- The percent contributed above the monthly compensation breakpoint depends upon the benefit formula, as shown in the table below.

Benefit Formula	Percent Contributed above the Breakpoint
Miscellaneous, 1.5% at 65	2%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 60	7%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 55	7%
Miscellaneous, 2.5% at 55	8%
Miscellaneous, 2.7% at 55	8%
Miscellaneous, 3% at 60	8%
Miscellaneous, 2% at 62	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Miscellaneous, 1.5% at 65	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, Half Pay at 55	Varies by entry age
Safety, 2% at 55	7%
Safety, 2% at 50	9%
Safety, 3% at 55	9%
Safety, 3% at 50	9%
Safety, 2% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 2.5% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost
Safety, 2.7% at 57	50% of the Total Normal Cost

The employer may choose to "pick-up" these contributions for classic members (Employer Paid Member Contributions or EPMC). EPMC is prohibited for new PEPRA members.

An employer may also include Employee Cost Sharing in the contract, where employees agree to share the cost of the employer contribution. These contributions are paid in addition to the member contribution.

Auxiliary organizations of the CSU system may elect reduced contribution rates, in which case the offset is \$317 and the contribution rate is 6% if members are not covered by Social Security. If members are covered by Social Security, the offset is \$513 and the contribution rate is 5%.

# **Refund of Employee Contributions**

If the member's service with the employer ends, and if the member does not satisfy the eligibility conditions for any of the retirement benefits above, the member may elect to receive a refund of his or her employee contributions, which are credited with 6% interest compounded annually.

# 1959 Survivor Benefit

This is a pre-retirement death benefit available only to members not covered by Social Security. Any agency joining CalPERS subsequent to 1993 is required to provide this benefit if the members are not covered by Social Security. The benefit is optional for agencies joining CalPERS prior to 1994. Levels 1, 2, and 3 are now closed. Any new agency or any agency wishing to add this benefit or increase the current level may only choose the 4<sup>th</sup> or Indexed Level.

This benefit is not included in the results presented in this valuation. More information on this benefit is available on the CalPERS website.

# **Appendix C**

# **Participant Data**

- Summary of Valuation Data
- Active Members
- Transferred and Terminated Members
- Retired Members and Beneficiaries

# **Summary of Valuation Data**

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
1. Active Members		
a) Counts	146	144
b) Average Attained Age	48.48	48.68
c) Average Entry Age to Rate Plan	37.32	37.13
d) Average Years of Credited Service	10.70	11.08
e) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$78,825	\$80,756
f) Annual Covered Payroll	11,508,385	11,628,829
g) Projected Annual Payroll for Contribution Year	12,484,176	12,633,257
h) Present Value of Future Payroll	85,232,305	93,721,197
2. Transferred Members		
a) Counts	46	43
b) Average Attained Age	48.36	48.08
c) Average Years of Credited Service	3.37	3.48
d) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$86,777	\$90,452
3. Terminated Members		
a) Counts	83	80
b) Average Attained Age	44.7	44.89
c) Average Years of Credited Service	3.22	3.18
d) Average Annual Covered Pay	\$45,940	\$44,981
4. Retired Members and Beneficiaries		
a) Counts	112	121
b) Average Attained Age	68.5	68.93
c) Average Annual Benefits	\$32,766	\$33,292
5. Active to Retired Ratio [(1a) / (4a)]	1.30	1.19

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

Average Annual Benefits represents benefit amounts payable by this plan only. Some members may have service with another agency and would therefore have a larger total benefit than would be included as part of the average shown here.

# **Active Members**

Counts of members included in the valuation are counts of the records processed by the valuation. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one valuation group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

# **Distribution of Active Members by Age and Service**

<b>Vears</b>	οf	Service	at Val	luation	Date

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total
15-24	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
25-29	7	1	0	0	0	0	8
30-34	7	3	1	0	0	0	11
35-39	12	3	6	2	0	0	23
40-44	3	8	3	3	0	1	18
45-49	3	2	1	1	2	0	9
50-54	3	8	6	3	2	0	22
55-59	2	2	4	6	5	4	23
60-64	5	2	2	2	1	3	15
65 and Over	1	2	0	6	0	4	13
All Ages	45	31	23	23	10	12	144

# Distribution of Average Annual Salaries by Age and Service

**Years of Service at Valuation Date** 

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Average Salary
15-24	\$43,451	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$43,451
25-29	56,434	62,483	0	0	0	0	57,190
30-34	59,968	53,955	53,997	0	0	0	57,785
35-39	56,629	68,776	84,360	60,839	0	0	65,814
40-44	56,886	102,858	98,974	115,773	0	110,800	97,142
45-49	100,873	58,66 <del>4</del>	75,421	92,837	93,560	0	86,147
50-54	74,822	87,776	81,070	114,943	83,161	0	87,466
55-59	29,998	52,824	126,421	82,756	100,800	175,939	103,288
60-64	26,423	37,329	75,057	84,443	89,253	162,594	73,520
65 and Over	74,135	22,985	0	63,188	0	127,318	77,577
Average	\$56,561	\$74,173	\$90,205	\$84,835	\$94,670	\$150,967	\$80,756

# **Transferred and Terminated Members**

# Distribution of Transfers to Other CalPERS Plans by Age, Service, and average Salary

# **Years of Service at Valuation Date**

Attained			rears or ser					Average
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total	Salary
15-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0
25-29	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	62,777
30-34	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	57,657
35-39	3	0	2	0	0	0	5	82,504
40-44	3	2	0	0	0	0	5	54,770
45-49	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	108,312
50-54	9	0	0	0	0	0	9	120,697
55-59	4	2	0	0	0	0	6	87, <del>4</del> 66
60-64	3	1	0	1	0	0	5	87,224
65 and Over	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	99,152
All Ages	34	6	2	1	0	0	43	\$90,452

# Distribution of Terminated Participants with Funds on Deposit by Age, Service, and average Salary

# **Years of Service at Valuation Date**

Attained Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25+	Total	Average Salary
15-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0
25-29	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	32,905
30-34	13	0	0	0	0	0	13	40,964
35-39	15	1	1	0	0	0	17	43,853
40-44	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	48,842
45-49	5	1	2	2	0	0	10	57,629
50-54	8	1	1	0	0	0	10	39,576
55-59	7	3	1	0	0	0	11	55,243
60-64	3	1	0	0	0	0	4	24,224
65 and Over	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	40,500
All Ages	65	8	5	2	0	0	80	\$44,981

# **Retired Members and Beneficiaries**

# Distribution of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age and Retirement Type\*

		Non-		Non-		Death	
Attained Age	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Total
Under 30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35-39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40-44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45-49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50-54	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
55-59	11	0	0	0	0	1	12
60-64	22	0	0	0	0	3	25
65-69	25	0	0	0	0	1	26
70-74	30	0	0	3	0	2	35
75-79	11	0	0	0	0	0	11
80-84	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
85 and Over	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
All Ages	110	0	0	3	0	8	121

# Distribution of Average Annual Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Age and Retirement Type\*

	_	Non-		Non-		Death	
Attained Age	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Average
Under 30	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
30-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35-39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
40-44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45-49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50-54	7,545	0	0	0	0	20,739	14,142
55-59	59,770	0	0	0	0	2,911	55,032
60-64	39,447	0	0	0	0	17,108	36,766
65-69	43,462	0	0	0	0	12,610	42,275
70-74	26,928	0	0	23,188	0	53,434	28,122
75-79	12,135	0	0	0	0	0	12,135
80-84	28,943	0	0	0	0	0	28,943
85 and Over	7,489	0	0	0	0	0	7,489
All Ages	\$34,221	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$23,188	\$0	\$24,306	\$33,292

# **Retired Members and Beneficiaries (continued)**

# Distribution of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type\*

Years Retired	Service Retirement	Non- Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Non- Industrial Death	Industrial Death	Death After Retirement	Total
Under 5 Yrs	35	0	0	1	0	5	41
5-9	36	0	0	1	0	2	39
10-14	23	0	0	1	0	1	25
15-19	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
20-24	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
25-29	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
30 and Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Years	110	0	0	3	0	8	121

# Distribution of Average Annual Disbursements to Retirees and Beneficiaries by Years Retired and Retirement Type\*

		Non-		Non-		Death	
Years Retired	Service Retirement	Industrial Disability	Industrial Disability	Industrial Death	Industrial Death	After Retirement	Average
Under 5 Yrs	\$36,948	\$0	\$0	\$31,737	\$0	\$16,478	\$34,324
5-9	38,568	0	0	20,649	0	49,725	38,681
10-14	32,095	0	0	17,177	0	12,610	30,719
15-19	33,495	0	0	0	0	0	33,495
20-24	10,736	0	0	0	0	0	10,736
25-29	17,451	0	0	0	0	0	17,451
30 and Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Years	\$34,221	<b>\$0</b>	\$0	\$23,188	<b>\$0</b>	\$24,306	\$33,292

<sup>\*</sup> Counts of members do not include alternate payees receiving benefits while the member is still working. Therefore, the total counts may not match information on C-1 of the report. Multiple records may exist for those who have service in more than one coverage group. This does not result in double counting of liabilities.

# Appendix D Glossary of Actuarial Terms

# **Glossary of Actuarial Terms**

#### **Accrued Liability** (Actuarial Accrued Liability)

The portion of the Present Value of Benefits allocated to prior years. Based on CalPERS funding policies, the accrued liability is the target level of assets on any valuation date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Assumptions made about certain events that will affect pension costs. Assumptions generally can be broken down into two categories: demographic and economic. Demographic assumptions include such things as mortality, disability, and retirement rates. Economic assumptions include discount rate, salary growth, and inflation.

#### **Actuarial Methods**

Procedures employed by actuaries to achieve certain funding goals of a pension plan. Actuarial methods include an actuarial cost method, an amortization policy, and an asset valuation method.

#### **Actuarial Valuation**

The determination as of a valuation date of the Normal Cost, Accrued Liability, and related actuarial present values for a pension plan. These valuations are performed annually or when an employer is contemplating a change in plan provisions.

## **Amortization Bases**

Separate payment schedules for different portions of the Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL). The total UAL of a rate plan can be segregated by cause. The impact of such individual causes on the UAL are quantified at the time of their occurrence, resulting in new amortization bases. Each base is separately amortized and paid for over a specific period of time. Generally, in an actuarial valuation, the separate bases consist of changes in UAL due to contract amendments, actuarial assumption changes, method changes, and/or gains and losses.

#### **Amortization Period**

The number of years required to pay off an Amortization Base.

## **Classic Member (under PEPRA)**

A member who joined a public retirement system prior to January 1, 2013 and who is not defined as a new member under PEPRA. (See definition of New Member below.)

#### **Discount Rate**

This is the rate used to discount the expected future benefit payments to the valuation date to determine the Projected Value of Benefits. The discount rate is based on the assumed long-term rate of return on plan assets, net of investment and administrative expenses. This rate is called the "actuarial interest rate" in Section 20014 of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law.

## **Entry Age**

The earliest age at which a plan member begins to accrue benefits under a defined benefit pension plan. In most cases, this is the age of the member on their date of hire.

#### **Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method**

An actuarial cost method designed to fund a member's total plan benefit evenly over the course of his or her career. This method yields a total normal cost rate, expressed as a percentage of payroll, which is designed to remain level throughout the member's career.

#### **Fresh Start**

A Fresh Start is when multiple amortization bases are combined into a single base and amortized over a new Amortization Period.

#### **Funded Ratio**

Defined as the Market Value of Assets divided by the Accrued Liability. It is a measure of how well funded a rate plan is. A ratio greater than 100% means the rate plan has more assets than the target established by CalPERS

funding policies on the valuation date and the employer need only contribute the Normal Cost. A ratio less than 100% means assets are less than the funding target and contributions in addition to Normal Cost are required.

#### **GASB 68**

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting and financial reporting for pensions.

## **New Member (under PEPRA)**

A new member includes an individual who becomes a member of a public retirement system for the first time on or after January 1, 2013, and who was not a member of another public retirement system prior to that date, and who is not subject to reciprocity with another public retirement system.

#### **Normal Cost**

The portion of the Present Value of Benefits allocated to the upcoming fiscal year for active employees. The normal cost plus the required amortization of the UAL, if any, make up the required contributions.

#### **Pension Actuary**

A business professional proficient in mathematics and statistics who performs the calculations necessary to properly fund a pension plan and allow the plan sponsor to disclose its liabilities. A pension actuary must satisfy the Qualification Standards for Actuaries Issuing Statements of Actuarial Opinion in the United States with regard to pensions.

## **PEPRA**

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013

# **Present Value of Benefits (PVB)**

The total dollars needed as of the valuation date to fund all benefits earned in the past or expected to be eamed in the future for *current* members.

# **Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)**

The Accrued Liability minus the Market Value of Assets. If the UAL for a rate plan is positive, the employer is required to make contributions in excess of the Normal Cost.